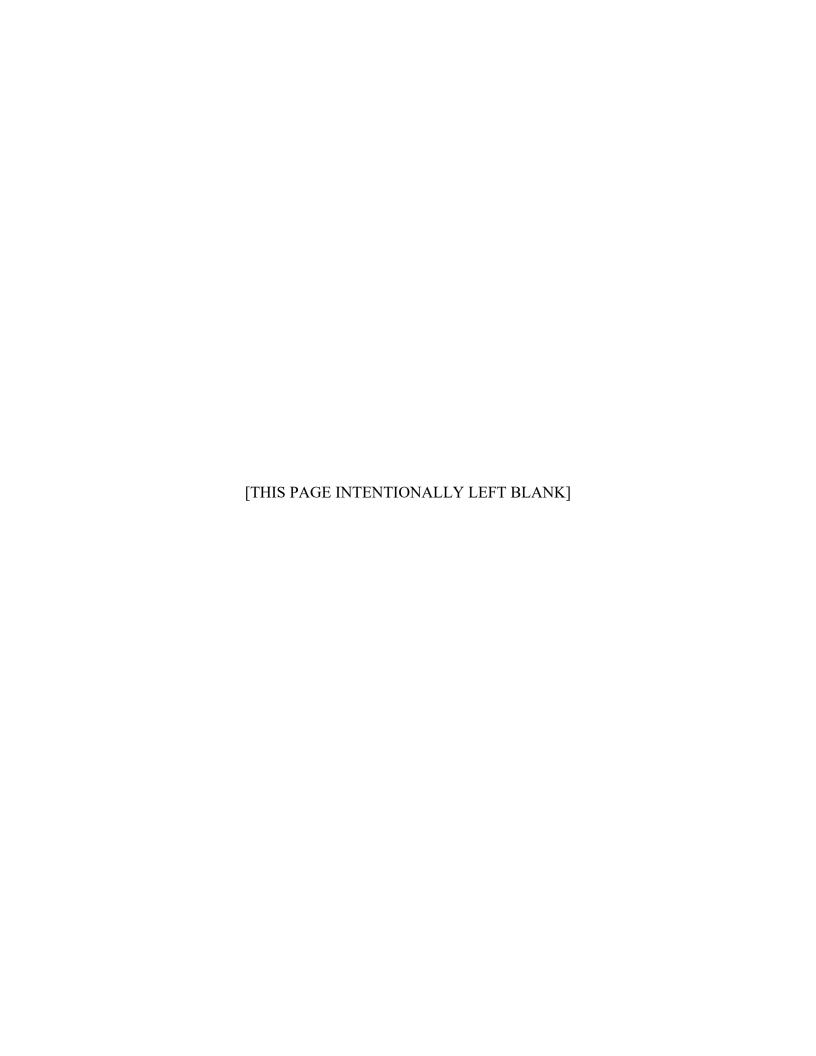
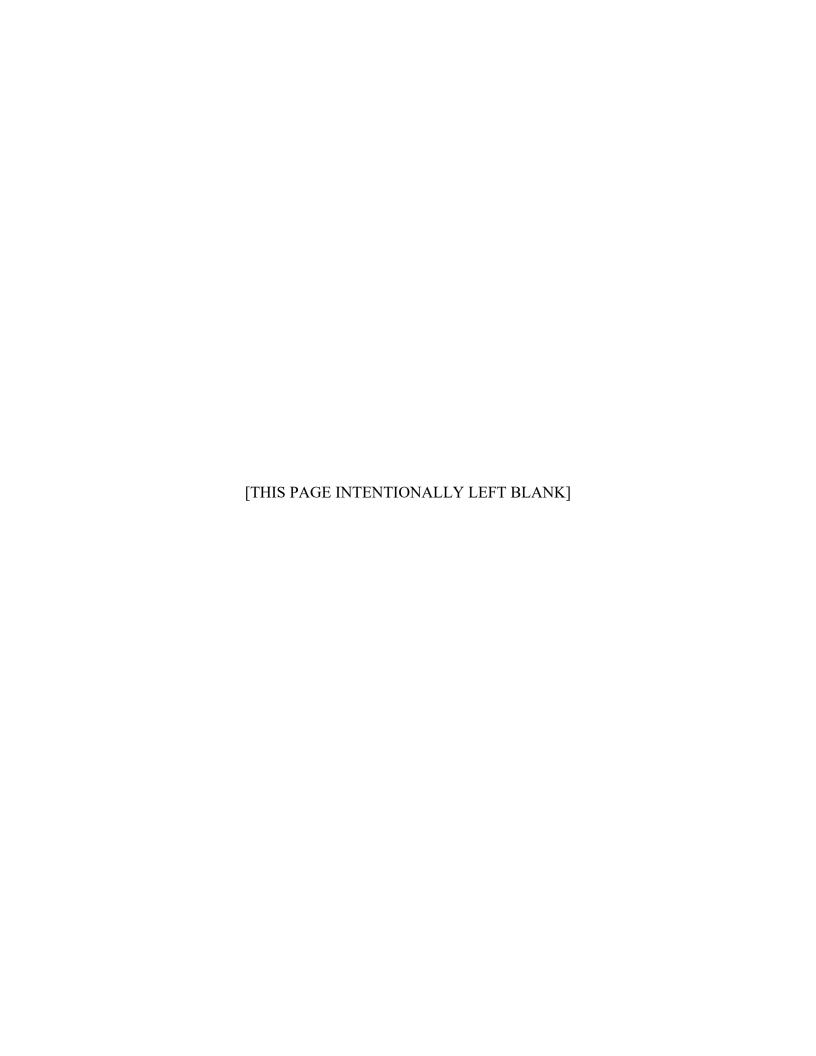
# HALLSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022



# HALLSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

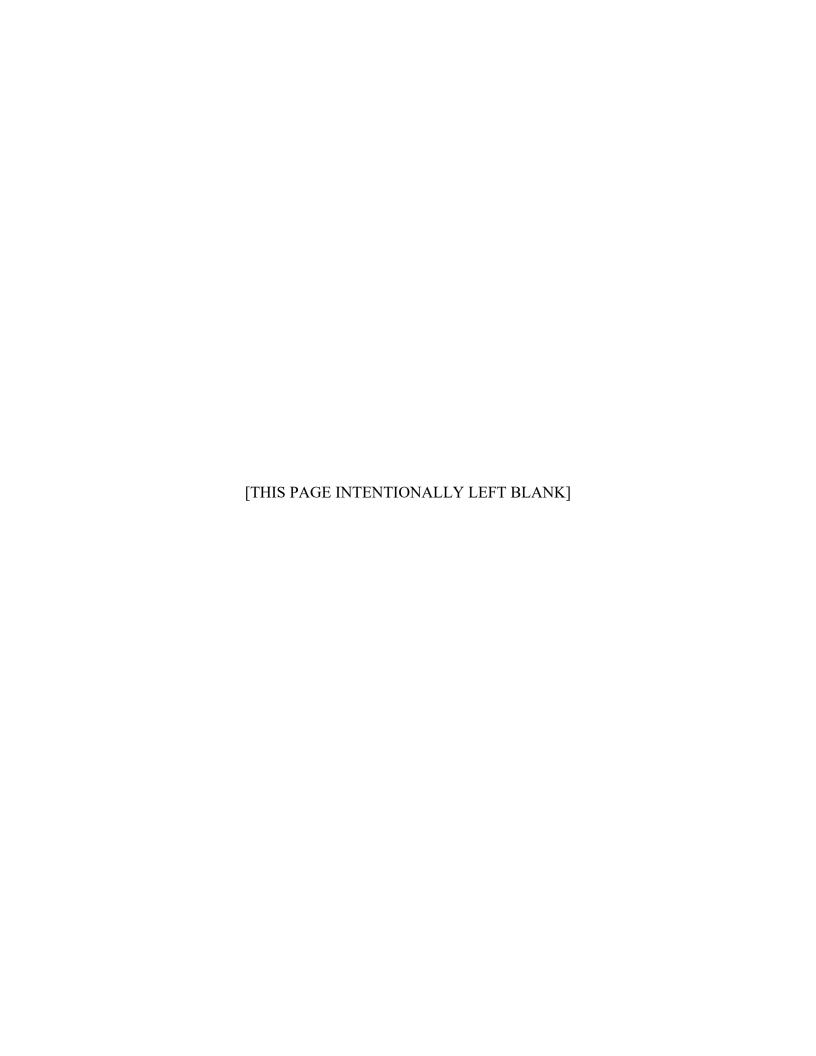
# TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>Exhibit</u>	<b>Page</b>
CERTIFICATE OF BOARD	1
Financial Section	
Independent Auditor's Report	4
Required Supplementary Information  Management's Discussion and Analysis – (UNAUDITED)	8
Basic Financial Statements	
Government Wide Statements:	
A-1 Statement of Net Position	18
B-1 Statement of Activities Governmental Fund Financial Statements:	19
C-1 Balance Sheet	20
C-2 Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the	20
Statement of Net Position	21
C-3 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	22
C-4 Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	22
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	23
Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements: E-1 Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	24
E-2 Statement of Flucturary Fund Net Position	25
Notes to the Financial Statements	26
Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)	
G-1 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	<i>5</i> 1
Budget and Actual – General Fund G-2 Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (TRS)	54 56
G-3 Schedule of District's Contributions for Pensions to TRS	58
G-4 Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (TRS)	60
G-5 Schedule of District's Contributions for OPEB to TRS	62
Combining Statements as Supplementary Information	
H-1 Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	66
H-2 Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	70
T.E.A. Required Schedules  L.1. Schodule of Delin groupt Tayon Beautyphle	76
<ul> <li>J-1 Schedule of Delinquent Taxes Receivable</li> <li>J-2 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance</li> </ul>	76
Budget and Actual – Child Nutrition Program	78
J-3 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	70
Budget and Actual – Debt Service Fund	79
J-4 State Compensatory Education and Bilingual Education Expenditures	80
Federal Awards Section	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on	
Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements	
Performed in Accordance with Governmental Auditing Standards	82
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance For Each Major Program and on	
Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	84
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	86
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	88
Correction Action Plan K-1 Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	90 92
Notes on Accounting Policies for Federal Awards	93



# CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

HALLSVILLE Independent School I Name of School District	<u>District</u>	Harrison County	<u>102-904</u> CoDist. Number
We, the undersigned, certify that the	attached annual financial	reports of the above-name	d school district were
reviewed and (check one) X	approved	_ disapproved for the year	ended August 31, 2022 at a
meeting of the Board of Trustees of s	such school district on the	e 17 <sup>th</sup> day of January, 2023	3.
(s) Troy Crafton		(s) Jay Nelson	
Signature of Board Secretary		Signature of Board Presid	ent
If the Decorate of the control of th	- C41 1'4	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
If the Board of Trustees disapproved (attach list as necessary)	of the auditor's report, the	ie reason(s) for disapprovir	ig it is (are):







#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Trustees Hallsville Independent School District 104 Hwy 110 N Hallsville, Texas 75791

Members of the Board:

## Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hallsville Independent School District (the District) as of and for the year ended August 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of August 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

# Change in Accounting Principal

As described in Note 1. F to the financial statements, in 2022 the District adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 87, Leases. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

## Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 8 through 16 and Exhibits G-1 to G-5 on pages 54 to 63 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

## Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The TEA Required Schedules: Exhibits J-1, J-2, J-3, and J-4, accompanying combining nonmajor fund financial statements, and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the TEA required schedules, the combining nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

# Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the correction action plan but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon. In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated January 17, 2023, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Certified Public Accountants

Squyes & Co, LLP

Tyler, Texas January 17, 2023



## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

In this section of the Annual Financial and Compliance Report, we, the managers of Hallsville Independent School District (the District), discuss and analyze the District's financial performance for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the independent auditor's report, and the District's financial statements that follow this section.

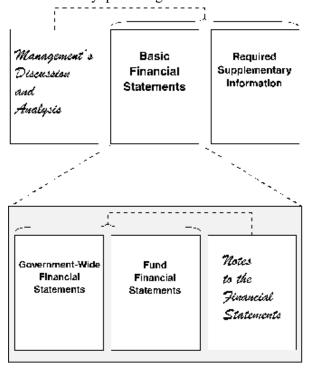
#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's net position as of 8-31-2022 was \$74,513,148.
- During the year, the District had general fund expenditures of \$170,358,318 and revenues of \$177,951,144 for a net excess of \$7,592,826.
- ➤ The General Fund ended the year with a fund balance of \$33,750,687.

## USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These provide information about the activities of the District as a whole and present a longer-term view of the District's property and debt obligations and other financial matters. They reflect the flow of total economic resources in a manner similar to the financial reports of a business enterprise.

Fund financial statements report the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the District's most significant funds. For governmental



activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short term as well as what resources remain for future spending. They reflect the flow of current financial resources, and supply the basis for tax levies and the appropriations budget. The fiduciary statements provide financial information about activities for which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the District.

The notes to the financial statements provide narrative explanations or additional data needed for full disclosure in the government-wide statements or the fund financial statements.

The sections labeled TEA Required Schedules and Federal Awards Section contain data used by monitoring or regulatory agencies for assurance that the District is using funds supplied in compliance with the terms of grants.

# Reporting the District as a Whole

# The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities – Government-Wide Financial Statements

These statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances. The Statement of Net Position includes all the District's assets, liabilities, and deferred outflows and inflows of resources at the end of the year while the Statement of Activities includes all the revenues and expenses generated by the District's operations during the year. These statements apply the accrual basis of accounting which is the basis used by private sector companies.

All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. The District's revenues are divided into those provided by outside parties who share the costs of some programs, such as tuition received from students from outside the District and grants provided by various sources to assist certain segments of children (program revenues), and revenues provided by the taxpayers or by TEA in equalization funding processes (general revenues). All the District's assets are reported whether they serve the current year or future years. Liabilities are considered regardless of whether they must be paid in the current or future years.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in it. The District's net position (the difference between assets/deferred outflows and liabilities/deferred inflows) provides one measure of the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. To fully assess the overall health of the District, however, you should consider non-financial factors as well, such as changes in the District's average daily attendance or its property tax base and the condition of the District's facilities.

The District only has governmental activities to report in the government wide financial statements. The District has no business-type activities and no component units for which it is financially accountable.

# Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

#### Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds—not the District as a whole. Laws and contracts require the District to establish some funds and the District's administration establishes other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes.

· Governmental funds—Most of the District's basic services are reported in governmental funds. These use modified accrual accounting (a method that measures the receipt and disbursement of cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash) and report balances that are available for future spending. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general operations and the basic services it provides. We describe the differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation schedules following each of the fund financial statements.

## The District as Trustee

# Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for money raised by student activities and administrative personnel. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Position. We exclude these resources from the District's other financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The District is only responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

## **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

Comparative government-wide financial information serves as a useful indicator of the government's financial position. Our analysis focuses on the net position (Table I) and changes in net position (Table II) of the District's governmental activities. The District has no business-type activities.

#### **Net Position**

Table I, presented on the next page, shows the comparative Net Position of Hallsville ISD as of August 31, 2022 and August 31, 2021. Net Position of the District's governmental activities is \$74,513,148, an increase of 30.8%. Of the Net Position amount, \$94,383,278 is net investment in capital assets and right-to-use lease assets. The increase in the net investment in capital assets category is due to the acquisition of capital assets in excess of the amount of depreciation during the year, as well as the implementation and recognition of GASB 87 right-to-use lease assets in use by the district. The District uses capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. The resources to repay the related debt are acquired through taxes. The restricted asset balance of \$7,936,294 represents amounts in the debt service, campus activities, state grants, and school nutrition accounts that are legally restricted for specific purposes.

Unrestricted net position totaled (\$27,806,424) at August 31, 2022 compared to (\$13,533,654) at August 31, 2021. These assets represent resources available for future operations, long-term commitments and emergencies of the District. Unrestricted net position reflects a deficit, which is primarily due to reporting the District's proportionate share of the net Pension and OPEB liabilities, related to GASB Statements 68 and 75 implemented in recent years. The total liability is reported in the governmental activities; however, the actual liability does not require the use of current resources at the fund level, which results in a timing difference since the TRS-Care plan is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis. The District has made all contractually required contributions as noted in the required supplementary information and has sufficient fund balance to meet the District's ongoing obligations to students and creditors.

Table I NET POSITION Governmental Funds

		<u>2022</u>		2021	% Change
Current and Other Assets	\$	160,502,988	\$	145,384,631	10%
Capital Assets		144,430,034		120,388,508	20%
Deferred Outflows of Resources		8,361,362		7,832,432	7%
Total Assets/Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	313,294,384	\$	273,605,571	15%
Long-term Liabilities	\$	106,801,405	\$	117,895,467	-9%
Other Liabilities	•	115,032,295	•	85,571,170	34%
Deferred Inflows of Resources		16,947,536		13,190,939	28%
Total Liabilties/Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	238,781,236	\$	216,657,576	10%
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	94,383,278	\$	66,846,860	41%
Restricted		7,936,294		3,634,789	118%
Unrestricted		(27,806,424)		(13,533,654)	105%
Total Net Position	\$	74,513,148	\$	56,947,995	31%

# **Changes in Net Position**

Table II presents a comparative summary of the revenues, expenses, and changes in net position for the year ended August 31, 2022 and August 31, 2021.

Table II
CHANGES IN NET POSITION
Governmental Funds

	<u>2022</u>	% Change	
Revenues:			
Program revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 12,965,462	\$ 9,410,044	38%
Operating grants and contributions	12,175,119	9,438,394	29%
General revenues:			
Maintenance and operations taxes	26,540,889	26,080,651	2%
Debt service taxes	6,876,887	7,665,108	-10%
State Aid and grants and contributions not			
restricted to specific functions	141,220,792	106,155,134	33%
Investment earnings	713,764	174,714	309%
Miscellaneous local and intermediate			
revenue and special items	543,567	583,257	-7%
Extraordinary items	50,003	161,702	-69%
Special Items	(1,115)		0%
Total Revenue	\$ 201,085,368	\$ 159,669,004	26%
Expenses:			
Instruction, curriculum and media services	\$ 156,705,571	\$ 121,647,302	29%
Instructional and school leadership	4,105,124	4,125,089	0%
Student support services	5,181,081	4,981,019	4%
Child nutrition	1,887,276	1,965,080	-4%
Extracurricular activities	2,144,131	1,896,322	13%
General Administration	2,622,260	2,456,924	7%
Plant maintenance, security & data	, ,	, ,	
processing	8,027,644	7,325,161	10%
Community services	14,250	9,200	55%
Debt service	1,843,449	1,904,526	-3%
Capital Outlay	424,705	2,690,717	-84%
Other intergovernmental charges	564,724	553,068	2%
Total Expenses	\$ 183,520,215	\$ 149,554,408	23%
Increase/(Decrease) in net position	\$ 17,565,153	\$ 10,114,596	

The main sources of revenue for the District are property taxes and state funds. Property taxes for the general operations and debt service operations represent 16.62% of the government wide resources. The percentage of total funding provided by property taxes decreased by 4.52%, down from 21.14% in 2020-21 to 16.62% in 2021-22. This percentage decrease was due to an increase in funding from state revenue and operating grants and contributions, which was generated primarily by the 12,637.251 virtual school ADA earned in 2021-22, which was an increase of 2,890.495 over the virtual ADA earned in 2020-21 of 9,746.756. The total tax rate for 2021-22 was \$1.2100, with \$0.9610 for maintenance and operations and \$0.249 for debt service. This tax rate was down \$0.0404 from the previous year 2020-21, which was \$1.2504, with \$0.9664 for maintenance and operations and \$0.284 for debt service. This decrease was caused primarily by the increase in State Existing Debt Allotment funding received in the debt service fund, which lowered the debt service rate needed to meet the District's bonded debt obligations for the year. The State further compressed the maintenance and operations rate, as mandated by the HB3 legislation passed and effective with the 2019-20 fiscal year.

As shown in Table II, the cost of all governmental activities this year was \$183,520,215. This is an overall increase from the previous year. The district expenses increased in most areas due to the continued growth of the virtual school campus, which began in 2018-19, as well as several capital expenditure projects being completed or in process during the year.

The largest expenses of the District were for instruction, curriculum and media services. Expenses for these areas constitute over 85.39% of the total expenses of the district, an increase of 4.05%. This increase is primarily due to the expenses related to the virtual school campus, the enrollment and operations of which saw continued growth from the prior year.

For 2021-22 the statements reflect an increase in net position of \$17,565,153.

# THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Governmental fund reporting focuses primarily on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. The general fund and the capital projects fund are the major funds of the District. All other governmental funds are combined in the statements. The Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance use the modified accrual basis of accounting for the governmental funds of the District.

As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$51,552,838, which is a decrease from last year's total of \$65,666,543. The decrease included an increase of \$3,205,685 in the debt service fund, an increase in other funds of \$1,095,820, and an increase in the general fund of \$8,097,226. The most significant change of fund balance compared to the prior year was in the Capital Projects Fund, which had fund balance of \$9,865,857, a decrease of \$26,512,436. This decrease is due to the construction underway on two major projects, a new elementary campus and an auditorium addition at the high school, both of which will be completed in the 2022-23 fiscal year. The total unassigned fund balance in the general fund is \$33,361,337. Other fund balances to note in the report include \$1,802,525 restricted for federal and state grant funds, \$5,467,654 restricted for debt service, and \$666,115 committed to campus activity and other groups.

Total governmental funds expenditures for the year ended August 31, 2022 increased to \$218,765,084. Table III shows a comparison of the expenditures for the years ended August 31, 2022 and August 31, 2021.

Table III
GOVERNMENTAL FUND (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS) EXPENDITURES

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	% Change
Instruction, curriculum and media services	\$ 156,618,064	\$ 118,100,634	33%
Instructional and school leadership	4,130,627	3,659,062	13%
Student support services	6,346,518	4,893,789	30%
School Nutrition	1,882,533	1,905,116	-1%
Cocurricular activities	2,175,559	1,826,657	19%
General administration	2,675,193	2,227,030	20%
Plant maintenance, security & data processing	9,219,565	8,960,609	3%
Community services	14,250	9,200	55%
Debt service	8,860,980	8,753,502	1%
Facilities acquisition and construction	26,277,071	13,947,657	88%
Other Intergovernmental Charges	564,724	553,068	2%
Total Expenditures	\$ 218,765,084	\$ 164,836,324	33%

The overall change in expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements was 33% for the 2021-22 year.

A major difference between the expenditures as reported on Table II and Table III is the treatment of expenditures related to fixed assets and debt service. On the modified accrual basis (Table III) long-term assets show up as expenditures. When these records are converted to full accrual (Table II) these items are de-expended and capitalized as assets on the balance sheet and depreciation is recorded to expense the items over the useful life of the asset. For long-term debt, on the modified accrual basis, debt principal and interest are recorded as expenditures while on the full accrual basis the principal payments are de-expended during the conversion, leaving only interest as an expenditure.

The difference in the treatment of fixed asset purchases between the two methods accounts for many of the differences between the absolute and percentage changes among the various categories on Tables II and III.

The explanation for the changes in the other categories mirror the explanations in the government wide section of the report and therefore the explanations contained in that section of this report are applicable to this section.

## GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Over the course of the 2021-22 year, the Board of Trustees revised the District's budget several times. The budget was amended to:

- Provide for vehicle repair costs, provided by insurance proceeds.
- Provide for payroll allocations between functions.
- Provide for additional extra-curricular and safety/security expenditures.
- Provide for costs for capital lease agreements, in order to correctly account for and implement GASB 87, the required implementation of which was delayed by GASB for an additional year.
- Provide for budgeted funds for food service revenues and related expenditures from the receipt of COVID-19 Relief grant funds and Supply Chain Assistance grant funds for Child Nutrition operations.
- To provide increased FSP state funding and related contracted services expenditures generated by the TVAH Virtual Academy 2021-22 student completions.

# CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

# **Capital Assets**

At the end of 2021-22, the District had \$206,938,048 invested in a broad range of capital assets and right-to-use assets, including facilities and equipment for instruction, transportation, technology, and maintenance. This amount represents a net increase of \$28,733,686. This increase primarily includes the purchase of 10 new school buses, Softball Field lighting upgrades, district-wide HVAC upgrades, new football practice turf field, and construction in progress costs related to the two bond construction projects for a new Elementary School and High School Auditorium, both of which are scheduled for completion in the 2022-23 fiscal year. More detailed information about the District's capital assets is presented in Note III, Section E to the financial statements.

## **Debt**

At year-end, the District had \$84,710,000 in bonds outstanding, versus \$89,630,000 last year. Debt activity for the year included bond premium amortization. More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in Note III, Section F to the financial statements.

# ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The District's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2022-23 budget and tax rates. The funding formula implemented by the 87<sup>th</sup> Legislature was used for developing the 2022-23 budget.

The District adopted, as of August 2022, a general fund expenditure budget of \$214,241,417. This is an increase of \$76,754,053 from the originally adopted 2021-22 expenditure budget. This increase is largely attributed to the continued increase in the enrollment and contracted services expenditures related to the virtual school operations during the 2021-22 year, which are expected to continue. Consideration has been made to conservatively, yet realistically, budget for the revenues to be generated by the 2022-23 virtual school operations and these related expenditures. The 2022-23 year will be the fifth year of the contract with K12 Virtual Schools LLC, with eight years remaining on the current contract period.

As in the previous years, and as the 2022-23 year progresses, virtual school enrollment and related ADA levels will be closely monitored to determine any budget amendments that may be necessary.

The District's budgeting approach will remain conservative, but excellence for all students will remain the primary goal.

The refined average daily attendance used for estimating 2022-23 revenues was 21,046.141. The District's average daily attendance has increased over the last year, with stable attendance over the past 5 years for the resident student ADA remaining around 4,600, and with continued ADA numbers expected from the virtual student population of approximately 16,450, the expected growth from which is consistent with growth in 2021-22. The ADA of the district will be closely monitored during the 2022-23 school year and appropriate budget adjustments will be made for any increase or decrease during the year, especially as it relates to virtual school ADA. The District will also continue to accept transfer students during the 2022-23 fiscal year.

The certified appraisal rolls, as determined by Harrison Central Appraisal District for Hallsville ISD, indicated a 10.73% increase for the 2022-23 school year. The district assessed a maintenance and operations (M&O) tax rate of \$0.8914 and a debt service tax rate of \$0.115 for the 2022-23 budget. A budget with general fund revenues of \$214,292,425 was adopted for the maintenance and operations of the district for 2022-23.

Every effort was made during the budget process to provide for an excellent education to the students of Hallsville ISD, and to ensure the education they receive is a source of pride for the staff, parents, students and community. The dedicated employees of Hallsville ISD will continue to strive to provide a high quality of education to all students of the District.

## CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District's Business Office, at Hallsville Independent School District, P.O. Box 810, Hallsville, Texas, 75650.



# HALLSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2022

Data			Primary Government			
Control		Ge	Governmental			
Codes	Codes		Activities			
ASSI	CIS					
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	104,744,389			
1120	Current Investments		2,167,326			
1220	Property Taxes - Delinquent		1,274,866			
1230	Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes		(36,746)			
1240	Due from Other Governments		51,940,376			
1290	Other Receivables, Net		28,860			
1300	Inventories		283,749			
1410	Prepayments Capital Assets:		100,168			
1510	Land		4,939,321			
1520	Buildings, Net		96,138,357			
1530	Furniture and Equipment, Net		5,268,344			
1550	Right-to-Use Leased Assets, Net		313,414			
1580	Construction in Progress		37,770,598			
1000	Total Assets		304,933,022			
DEFE	RRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
1701	Deferred Charge for Refunding		66,569			
1705	Deferred Outflow Related to TRS Pension		3,666,511			
1706	Deferred Outflow Related to TRS OPEB		4,628,282			
1700	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		8,361,362			
	ILITIES		2 146 547			
2110	Accounts Payable		3,146,547			
2140	Interest Payable		162,545			
2150	Payroll Deductions and Withholdings		413,340			
2160 2200	Accrued Wages Payable		3,469,858			
2300	Accrued Expenses Unearned Revenue		100,318,549 363,736			
2300	Noncurrent Liabilities:		303,730			
2501	Due Within One Year: Loans, Note, Leases, etc.  Due in More than One Year:		7,157,720			
2502	Bonds, Notes, Loans, Leases, etc.		88,271,806			
2540	Net Pension Liability (District's Share)		5,085,737			
2545	Net OPEB Liability (District's Share)		13,443,862			
2000	Total Liabilities		221,833,700			
DEFE	RRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
2605	Deferred Inflow Related to TRS Pension		5,915,155			
2606	Deferred Inflow Related to TRS OPEB		11,032,381			
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		16,947,536			
NET	POSITION					
3200	Net Investment in Capital Assets and Right-to-Use Lease Assets Restricted:		94,383,278			
3820	Restricted for Federal and State Programs		1,802,525			
3850	Restricted for Debt Service		5,467,654			
3870	Restricted for Campus Activities		666,115			
3900	Unrestricted		(27,806,424)			
3000	Total Net Position	\$	74,513,148			

# HALLSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

	Net (Expense)	
	Revenue and	
	Changes in Net	
	Position	
	6	
	Primary Gov.	
	Governmental	
ıs	Activities	
		•
07	\$ (137,832,978)	
	(107,002,570)	
16	(618,189)	
79	(122,122)	
44	(1,369,958)	
77)	(2,502,213)	
49	(1,102,397)	
84)	(90,079)	
35	(578,814)	
98	(1,265,876)	
96	1,049,326	
52	(1,499,216)	
43	(2,406,724)	
98	(5,814,770)	
64	(560,711)	
12)	(830,696)	
11	(1,339)	
-	(1,820,447)	
_	(23,002)	
_	(424,705)	
_	(564,724)	
19	(158,379,634)	
_		
	26 540 000	
	26,540,889	
	6,876,887	

Data					Program Re	evenues	•	Changes in Net Position		
Control			1		3	4		6		
Codes						Operating		Primary Gov.		
Codes							Charges for	Grants and		Governmental
			Expenses		Services	Contributions		Activities		
Primary Government:								_		
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:										
11 Instruction		\$	155,548,242	\$	11,731,557 \$	5,983,707	\$	(137,832,978)		
12 Instructional Resources and Media Services			741,928		46,923	76,816		(618,189)		
13 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Developme	nt		415,401			293,279		(122,122)		
21 Instructional Leadership			1,531,702		_	161,744		(1,369,958)		
23 School Leadership			2,573,422		82,986	(11,777)		(2,502,213)		
31 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services			2,386,963		15,317	1,269,249		(1,102,397)		
32 Social Work Services			88,795		-	(1,284)		(90,079)		
33 Health Services			592,349		-	13,535		(578,814)		
34 Student (Pupil) Transportation			2,112,974		-	847,098		(1,265,876)		
35 Food Services			1,887,276		228,506	2,708,096		1,049,326		
36 Extracurricular Activities			2,144,131		638,763	6,152		(1,499,216)		
41 General Administration			2,622,260		206,093	9,443		(2,406,724)		
51 Facilities Maintenance and Operations			6,382,085		15,317	551,998		(5,814,770)		
52 Security and Monitoring Services			817,775		-	257,064		(560,711)		
53 Data Processing Services			827,784		-	(2,912)		(830,696)		
61 Community Services			14,250		-	12,911		(1,339)		
72 Debt Service - Interest on Long-Term Debt			1,820,447		-	-		(1,820,447)		
73 Debt Service - Bond Issuance Cost and Fees			23,002		-	-		(23,002)		
81 Capital Outlay			424,705		-	-		(424,705)		
99 Other Intergovernmental Charges	_		564,724			-		(564,724)		
[TP] TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:		\$	183,520,215	\$	12,965,462 \$	12,175,119		(158, 379, 634)		
Data	=			_			_			
	General Rev	enii	ies.							
Codes	Taxes:	CIIC	.03.							
MT		rtv	Taxes, Levied	for (	General Purposes			26,540,889		
DT			Taxes, Levied					6,876,887		
SF		•	Formula Grants		3 200 201 1100			140,583,102		
GC			Contributions 1		Restricted			637,690		
IE	Investme							713,764		
MI			-	ntern	nediate Revenue			543,567		
			Property					(12,034)		
	Special Item							10,919		
	-		tem - resource					50,003		
TR		-	l Revenues and	l Spe	ecial Items			175,944,787		
CN			Change in N	-			_	17,565,153		
NB ]	Net Position	1 - I	· ·				_	56,947,995		
NE ]	Net Position	1 - F	Ending				\$	74,513,148		
		_	0				_	. ,,0		

# HALLSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2022

Data		10		60		Total
Control		General		Capital	Other	Governmental
Codes		Fund		Projects	Funds	Funds
ASSETS						
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	85,182,406	\$	12,693,047 \$	6,868,936	\$ 104,744,389
1120 Investments - Current		2,167,326		=	-	2,167,326
1220 Property Taxes - Delinquent		988,539		-	286,327	1,274,866
1230 Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes		(28,246)		-	(8,500)	(36,746)
1240 Due from Other Governments		47,862,642		-	4,077,734	51,940,376
1260 Due from Other Funds		2,641,928		-	-	2,641,928
1290 Other Receivables		1,308		-	27,552	28,860
1300 Inventories		189,182		-	94,567	283,749
1410 Prepayments		100,168		=	-	100,168
1000 Total Assets	\$	139,105,253	\$	12,693,047 \$	11,346,616	\$ 163,144,916
LIABILITIES						
2110 Accounts Payable	\$	146,368	\$	2,827,190 \$	172,989	\$ 3,146,547
2150 Payroll Deductions and Withholdings Payable		394,632		-	18,708	413,340
2160 Accrued Wages Payable		3,351,813		-	118,045	3,469,858
2170 Due to Other Funds		-		-	2,641,928	2,641,928
2200 Accrued Expenditures		100,318,549		-	-	100,318,549
2300 Unearned Revenue		182,911		-	180,825	363,736
2000 Total Liabilities		104,394,273		2,827,190	3,132,495	110,353,958
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
2601 Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		960,293		-	277,827	1,238,120
2600 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		960,293	-	-	277,827	1,238,120
FUND BALANCES					<del></del> -	
Nonspendable Fund Balance:						
3410 Inventories		189,182		_	_	189,182
3430 Prepaid Items		100,168				100,168
Restricted Fund Balance:		100,100				100,100
3450 Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction		_		=	1,802,525	1,802,525
3470 Capital Acquisition and Contractural Obligation		_		9,865,857	-	9,865,857
3480 Retirement of Long-Term Debt		_		-	5,467,654	5,467,654
Committed Fund Balance:					3,107,031	3,107,031
3545 Other Committed Fund Balance		100,000		_	666,115	766,115
3600 Unassigned Fund Balance		33,361,337		-	-	33,361,337
3000 Total Fund Balances		33,750,687	_	9,865,857	7,936,294	51,552,838
	_					
4000 Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	\$	139,105,253	\$	12,693,047 \$	11,346,616	\$ 163,144,916

# HALLSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2022

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (from Exhibit C-1)	\$	51,552,838
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds.		144,430,034
Net property taxes receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred		
in the funds.		1,238,120
Payables for bond principal which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds		(84,710,000)
Payables for bond interest which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.		(162,545)
Payables for contracts which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.		(10,406,112)
The deferred loss on defeasance of debt is not reported in the funds.		66,569
New lease liabilities are not reported in the funds.		(313,414)
Recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability is not reported in		
the funds.		(5,085,737)
Recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability is not reported in		
the funds.		(13,443,862)
Deferred Resource Inflows related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds.		(5,915,155)
Deferred Resource Inflows related to the OPEB plan are not reported in the funds.		(11,032,381)
Deferred Resource Outflows related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds.		3,666,511
Deferred Resource Outflows related to the OPEB plan are not reported in the funds.		4,628,282
N. D. W. C.C. C. L. C.	_	74.512.142
Net Position of Governmental Activities - Statement of Net Position (see Exhibit A-1)	\$_	74,513,148

# HALLSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

# GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Data		10		60				Total
Control		General		Capital		Other	(	Sovernmental
Codes		Fund		Projects		Funds		Funds
REVENUES:								
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	39,201,516	\$	107,759	\$	8,326,540	\$	47,635,815
5800 State Program Revenues		138,111,938		-		5,759,513		143,871,451
5900 Federal Program Revenues		637,690				12,003,549		12,641,239
5020 Total Revenues		177,951,144		107,759		26,089,602		204,148,505
EXPENDITURES:			_	·	_			
Current:		140.015.070		412		( (50 550		155 466 024
0011 Instruction 0012 Instructional Resources and Media Services		148,815,970		412		6,650,552		155,466,934
		636,073		-		103,868		739,941
0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development 0021 Instructional Leadership		118,742 1,326,591		-		292,447 203,055		411,189 1,529,646
0023 School Leadership		2,573,256		_		27,725		2,600,981
0031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services		1,071,454		_		1,283,153		2,354,607
0032 Social Work Services		88,585		_		1,205,155		88,585
0033 Health Services		566,298		-		21,662		587,960
0034 Student (Pupil) Transportation		2,104,268		337,536		873,562		3,315,366
0035 Food Services		119		-		1,882,414		1,882,533
0036 Extracurricular Activities		1,398,476		24,702		752,381		2,175,559
0041 General Administration		2,549,613		-		125,580		2,675,193
0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations		6,882,140		-		595,123		7,477,263
0052 Security and Monitoring Services		605,104		-		265,135		870,239
0053 Data Processing Services		867,002		-		5,061		872,063
0061 Community Services		1,339		-		12,911		14,250
Debt Service:								
0071 Principal on Long-Term Liabilities		128,538		-		4,920,000		5,048,538
0072 Interest on Long-Term Liabilities		18,398		-		3,771,042		3,789,440
0073 Bond Issuance Cost and Fees		22,102		-		900		23,002
Capital Outlay:								
0081 Facilities Acquisition and Construction		19,526		26,257,545		_		26,277,071
Intergovernmental:		15,620		20,207,010				20,277,071
0099 Other Intergovernmental Charges		564,724						564,724
6030 Total Expenditures		170,358,318		26,620,195		21,786,571		218,765,084
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)		7,592,826		(26,512,436)		4,303,031		(14,616,579)
Expenditures		7,372,020		(20,312,130)		1,505,051	_	(14,010,377)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
7913 Right-to-Use Leases		441,952		_		_		441,952
7915 Transfers In		1,526		_		_		1,526
7949 Other Resources		10,919		_		_		10,919
8911 Transfers Out (Use)		-		_		(1,526)		(1,526)
	-	454 207			_		_	•
7080 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		454,397				(1,526)		452,871
EXTRAORDINARY ITEMS:								
7919 Extraordinary Item - Resource		50,003		_		_		50,003
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances		8,097,226		(26,512,436)		4,301,505		(14,113,705)
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		25,653,461		36,378,293		3,634,789		65,666,543
1 und Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		23,033,701		30,310,293		3,037,707	_	05,000,543
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	•	22 750 697	¢	0 865 857	¢	7 026 204	<b>C</b>	51 552 929
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	33,750,687	\$	9,865,857	\$	7,936,294	<u> </u>	51,552,838

# HALLSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AUGUST 31, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (from Exhibit C-3)	\$ (14,113,705)
Capital outlays are not reported as expenses in the Statement of Activities (SOA).	28,586,457
The depreciation and amortization of capital assets used in governmental activities is not	
reported in the funds.	(4,532,897)
The gain or loss on the sale of capital assets is not reported in the funds.	(12,034)
Certain property tax revenues are deferred in the funds. This is the change in these amounts	
this year.	12,585
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.	4,920,000
Bond premiums and deferred loss are amortized in the SOA but not in the funds.	1,958,879
(Increase) decrease in accrued interest from beginning of period to end of period.	10,114
New lease liabilities are shown as a decrease in the SOA but not in the funds.	(313,414)
Pension contributions made after the measurement date but in current FY were de-expended	
and reduced Net Pension.	964,708
OPEB contributions made after the measurement date but in current FY were de-expended	
and reduced Net OPEB.	288,665
Pension expenditures relating to GASB 68 is recorded in the SOA but not in the funds.	(661,167)
OPEB expenditures relating to GASB 75 is recorded in the SOA but not in the funds.	456,962
Change in Net position of Governmental Activities - Statement of Activities (see Exhibit B-1)	\$ 17,565,153

# HALLSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2022

	Total Custodial Funds
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 89,115
Total Assets	89,115
NET POSITION	
Restricted for Other Purposes	89,115
Total Net Position	\$ 89,115

# HALLSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

	Total Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS:	
Contributions to Student Groups	\$ 4,620
Miscellaneous Revenue - Student	49,900
Enterprising Services Revenue	40,040
Earnings from Temporary Deposits	297
Miscellaneous Additions	15,904
Total Additions	110,761
DEDUCTIONS:	
Professional and Contracted Services	13,726
Supplies and Materials	35,674
Other Deductions	43,276
Total Deductions	92,676
Change in Fiduciary Net Position	18,085
Total Net Position - September 1 (Beginning)	71,030
Γotal Net Position - August 31 (Ending)	\$ 89,115

# I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Hallsville Independent School District (the "District") is a public educational agency operating under the applicable laws and regulations of the State of Texas. It is governed by a seven member Board of Trustees (the "Board") elected by registered voters of the District. The District prepares its basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the United States of America promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other authoritative sources identified in GASB Statement No. 76, and it complies with the requirements of the appropriate version of Texas Education Agency's *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide* (the "Resource Guide") and the requirements of contracts and grants of agencies from which it receives funds.

Pensions: The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB): The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

GASB Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures*, requires state and local governments to disclose information about tax abatement agreements. It requires governments to disclose information about their own tax abatements separately from information about tax abatements that are entered into by other governments and reduce the reporting government's tax revenues. As of August 31, 2022, the District has granted no tax abatements.

#### A. REPORTING ENTITY

The Board of Trustees (the "Board") is elected by the public and it has fiscal accountability over all activities related to public elementary and secondary education within the jurisdiction of the District. The trustees as a body corporate have the exclusive power and duty to govern and oversee the management of the public schools of the district. All powers and duties not specifically delegated by statute to the Texas Education Agency (Agency) or to the State Board of Education are reserved for the trustees, and the Agency may not substitute its judgment for the lawful exercise of those powers and duties by the trustees. The District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100, Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, and there are no component units included within the reporting entity. The combined financial statements of the District include all activities for which the Board exercises these governance responsibilities.

#### B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are government-wide financial statements. They report information on all of the Hallsville Independent School District nonfiduciary activities with most of the interfund activities removed. *Governmental activities* include programs supported primarily by taxes, State foundation funds, grants and other intergovernmental revenues. *Business-type activities* include operations that rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The District has no business type activities.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates how other people or entities that participate in programs the District operates have shared in the payment of the direct costs. The "charges for services" column includes payments made by parties that purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods or services provided by a given function or segment of the District. Examples include tuition paid by students not residing in the district, school lunch charges, etc. The "grants and contributions" column includes amounts paid by organizations outside the District to help meet the operational or capital requirements of a given function. Examples include grants under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act. If a revenue is not a program revenue, it is a general revenue used to support all of the District's functions. Taxes are always general revenues.

Interfund activities between governmental funds and between governmental funds and proprietary funds appear as due to/due from on the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and Proprietary Fund Statement of Net Position and as other resources and other uses on the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance and on the Proprietary Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position. All interfund transactions between governmental funds and between governmental funds and internal service funds are eliminated on the government-wide statements. Interfund activities between governmental funds and fiduciary funds remain as due to/due froms on the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

The fund financial statements provide reports on the financial condition and results of operations for three fund categories - governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. Since the resources in the fiduciary funds cannot be used for District operations, they are not included in the government-wide statements. The District considers some governmental funds major and reports their financial condition and results of operations in a separate column.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues result from providing goods and services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations, they usually come from exchange or exchange-like transactions. All other revenues are non-operating. Operating expenses can be tied specifically to the production of the goods and services, such as materials and labor and direct overhead. Other expenses are non-operating.

# C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as do the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements use the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present net increases and decreases in current assets (i.e., revenues and other financing sources and expenditures and other financing uses).

The modified accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available, and it recognizes expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest and principal on long-term debt, which is recognized when due. The expenditures related to certain compensated absences and claims and judgments are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. The District considers all revenues available if they are collectible within 60 days after year end.

Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible to accrual concept that is when they are both measurable and available. The District considers them "available" if they will be collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available.

Grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant. Accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as unearned revenues until related and authorized expenditures have been made. If balances have not been expended by the end of the project period, grantors sometimes require the District to refund all or part of the unused amount.

The Proprietary Fund Types and Fiduciary Funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus and utilize the accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable and expenses in the accounting period in which they are incurred and become measurable.

#### D. FUND ACCOUNTING

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

- 1. The General Fund The general fund is the District's primary operating fund. This fund is established to account for resources financing the fundamental operations of the District, in partnership with the community enabling and motivating students to reach their full potential. All revenues and expenditures not required to be accounted for in other funds are included here. This is a budgeted fund and any fund balances are considered resources available for current operations. Fund balances may be appropriated by the Board of Trustees to implement its responsibilities.
- 2. Capital Projects Funds These governmental funds are established to account for proceeds from the sale of bonds and other resources to be used for Board authorized acquisition, construction, or renovation, as well as, furnishing and equipping of major capital facilities. Upon completion of a project, any unused bond proceeds are transferred to the Debt Service Fund and are used to retire related bond principal.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund types:

#### Governmental Funds:

1. Special Revenue Funds – The District accounts for resources restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes by the District or a grantor in a special revenue fund. Most Federal and some State financial assistance is accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund, and sometimes unused balances must be returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods. The Food Service Fund is the only required budgeted fund. For all other funds in this fund type, project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds.

The District's Food Service Fund is considered a special revenue fund since it meets the following criteria: (1) User fees are charged to supplement the National School Lunch Program (NSLP), (2) The General Fund subsidizes the Food Service Program for all expenditures required in excess of NSLP and user fees, and (3) The District does not consider the Food Service Program completely self-supporting. Food Service fund balances are used exclusively for child nutrition program purposes.

2. **Debt Service Funds** – The District accounts for resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds in a debt service fund. This is a budgeted fund and a separate bank account is maintained for this fund. Any unused sinking fund balances are transferred to the General Fund after all of the related debt obligations have been met.

**3. Permanent Funds** – The District accounts for donations for which the donor has stipulated that the principal may not be expended and where the income may only be used for purposes that support the District's programs. The District has no Permanent Funds.

# Proprietary Funds:

- 1. Enterprise Funds The District's activities for which outside users are charged a fee roughly equal to the cost of providing the goods or services of those activities are accounted for in an enterprise fund. The District has no enterprise funds.
- 2. Internal Service Funds Revenues and expenses related to services provided to organizations inside the District on a cost reimbursement basis are accounted for in an internal service fund. The District has no internal service funds.

# Fiduciary Funds:

- 1. **Private Purpose Trust Funds** The District accounts for donations for which the donor has stipulated that both the principal and the income may be used for purposes that benefit parties outside the District. The District has no Private Purpose Trust Funds.
- 2. Pension (and Other Employee Benefit) Trust Funds These funds are used to account for local pension and other employee benefit funds that are provided by the District in lieu of or in addition to the Teacher Retirement System of Texas. The District has no Pension Trust Funds.
- **3. Investment Trust Fund -** This fund is one in which the District holds assets in trust for other entities participating in an investment program managed by the district. The District has no Investment Trust Funds.
- 4. Custodial Funds The District accounts for resources held for others in a custodial capacity in custodial funds. These funds are used to account for assets held by the District as an agent for student and other organizations. The District's Custodial Funds are the Student Activity Funds for each campus.

## E. OTHER ACCOUNTING POLICIES

- 1. For purposes of the statement of cash flows for proprietary and similar fund-types, the District considers highly liquid investments to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased.
- 2. The District records purchases of supplies as expenditures, utilizing the purchase method of accounting for inventory in accordance with the Resource Guide.
- **3.** Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.
- 4. In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as, bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

- 5. The District does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the district; therefore, there is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave.
- **6.** Capital assets, which include land, buildings, furniture and equipment, right-to-use lease assets, and infrastructure assets are reported in the governmental column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Buildings, furniture and equipment, lease assets, and infrastructure assets of the District are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives, or for the lease assets, for the term of the lease:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	30-50
Building Improvements	10-20
Vehicles	5
Office Equipment	10
Computer Equipment	10

Land and Construction in Progress are not depreciated.

- 7. Internal Service Funds support the operations of governmental funds and are consolidated with the governmental funds in the government-wide financial statements. The expenditures of governmental funds that create the revenues of internal service funds are eliminated to avoid "grossing up" the revenues and expenses of the District as a whole. The District has no Internal Service Funds.
- **8.** In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balances in the following classifications:
  - a. *Nonspendable fund balance* amounts that are not in spendable form, such as fund balances associated with inventories, prepaids, and long-term loans and notes receivable.
  - b. *Restricted fund balance* amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by their providers, such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government, through constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.
  - c. Committed fund balance amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the District's Board of Trustees (the District's highest level of decision-making authority). These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District's Board of Trustees takes the same level of action to remove or change the constraint.
  - d. Assigned fund balance amounts intended to be used by the government for a specific purpose but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent can be expressed by the District's Board of Trustees or by the Superintendent or the Superintendent's designee to whom the Board of Trustees has delegated the authority to assign fund balances.

- e. *Unassigned fund balance* amounts that are available for any purpose; these amounts are reported only in the General Fund.
- 9. When the District incurs an expense for which it may use assets available in more than one classification, the District uses restricted assets first, followed by committed, assigned and finally unassigned, unless unassigned assets will have to be returned because they were not used.
- 10. Management's use of estimates in the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimations and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.
- 11. In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has deferred outflows of resources, for its proportionate share of TRS's deferred outflow related to pensions as described in Note III G, its proportionate share of TRS's deferred outflow related to OPEB as described in Note III H, and for deferred charges for bond refunding.
- 12. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one type of item which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Uncollected property taxes which are assumed collectible are reported in this category on the balance sheet for governmental funds. They are not reported in this category on the government wide statement of net position. The District has deferred inflows of resources, which arises under the modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue from property taxes and for its proportionate share of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas' (TRS) deferred inflow related to pensions as described in Note III G and related to OPEB as described in Note III H. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.
- 13. The Data Control Codes refer to the account code structure prescribed by TEA in the *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide*. Texas Education Agency requires school districts to display these codes in the financial statements filed with the Agency in order to insure accuracy in building a Statewide database for policy development and funding plans.
- 14. The full impact of the COVID-19 outbreak continues to evolve as of the date of this report. This pandemic has adversely affected global economic activity. The extent of the impact of Covid-19 on the District's operational and financial performance will depend on certain developments, including the duration and spread of the outbreak and its impacts on the District's students, employees, and vendors, all of which at the present time cannot be determined.

The District's operations are heavily dependent on its ability to collect property taxes as levied. Access to grants and contracts from federal and state governments may decrease or not be available depending on appropriations determined at those levels. As such, this could hinder the District's ability to meet the needs of its constituents at the same level as in past years. Accordingly, the extent to which COVID-19 may impact the District's financial position and changes in net assets and cash flows is uncertain and the accompanying financial statements include no adjustments relating to the effects of this pandemic.

#### F. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

During fiscal year 2022, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 87, Leases, which no longer differentiates between capital and operating leases. GASB Statement No. 87 establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this statement, the District, as a lessee, is required to recognize a right-to-use lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset.

A right-to-use lease is defined as a contract that conveys control of another entity's nonfinancial asset as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. To be accounted for as a lease, the lease must meet the definition of a "long-term" lease provided in GASB 87 and must meet the capitalization level set by the District. The right-to-use lease liability is reported in the government-wide financial statements and is calculated as the present value of the reasonably certain expected payments to be made over the term of the lease and the interest included in the lease payment is recorded as an expense. If the lease is in a governmental fund, the full amount of the lease asset will be reported as an expenditure in the fund level statements the year the agreement is made. Note with existing contracts that were evaluated as leases for this year of implementation, the recording of the lease asset and liability would not be reported in governmental fund statements but would be reported in the government wide statements.

# II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

# A. BUDGETARY DATA

The Board of Trustees adopts an "appropriated budget" for the General Fund, Debt Service Fund (which is included in Other Funds), and the Food Service Fund (which is included in the Special Revenue Funds). The District is required to present the adopted and final amended budgeted revenues and expenditures for each of these funds. The District compares the final amended budget to actual revenues and expenditures. The General Fund Budget report appears in Exhibit G-1 and the other two reports are in Exhibit J-2 and J-3. For the Debt Service Fund Budget in Exhibit J-3, the actual expenditures for principal exceeded the budgeted amount; however, the total expenditures were under the total budgeted amount.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the general-purpose financial statements:

- 1. Prior to August 20, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning September 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget. At least ten days public notice of the meeting must be given.
- 3. Prior to September 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board. Once a budget is approved, it can only be amended at the function and fund level by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings. Each amendment must have Board approval. As required by law, such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year end. Because the District has a policy of careful budgetary control, several amendments were necessary during the year. The following amendments were significant:
  - Provide for vehicle repair costs, provided by insurance proceeds.
  - Provide for payroll allocations between functions.
  - Provide for additional extra-curricular and safety/security expenditures.
  - Provide for costs for capital lease agreements, in order to correctly account for and implement GASB 87, the required implementation of which was delayed by GASB for an additional year.

- Provide for budgeted funds for food service revenues and related expenditures from the receipt of COVID-19 Relief grant funds and Supply Chain Assistance grant funds for Child Nutrition operations.
- To provide increased FSP state funding and related contracted services expenditures generated by the TVAH Virtual Academy 2021-22 student completions.
- 4. Each budget is controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board. All budget appropriations lapse at year end. A reconciliation of fund balances for both appropriated budget and non-appropriated budget special revenue funds is as follows:

	August 31, 2022 Fund Balance
Appropriated Budget Funds – Food Service Special Revenue Fund Non-appropriated Budget Funds	\$ 1,802,525 666,115
All Special Revenue Funds	\$ 2,468,640

#### III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS

#### A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

#### **Deposits**

District Policies and Legal and Contractual Provisions Governing Deposits

<u>Custodial Credit Risk for Deposits</u> State law requires governmental entities to contract with financial institutions in which funds will be deposited to secure those deposits with insurance or pledged securities with a fair value equaling or exceeding the amount on deposit at the end of each business day. The pledged securities must be in the name of the governmental entity and held by the entity or its agent. Since the District complies with this law, it has no custodial credit risk for deposits.

<u>Foreign Currency Risk</u> The District does not have any deposits or investments denominated in a foreign currency.

As of August 31, 2022, the following are the District's cash and cash equivalents with respective maturities and credit rating:

Type of Deposit	<u>Fair Value</u>	Percent	Maturity in Less than <u>1 year</u>	Maturity in 1-10 <u>Years</u>	Maturity in Over 10 Years	Credit <u>Rating</u>
Cash	\$ 2,477,050	2.315%	\$ 2,477,050	-	-	N/A
Money Markets	1,027	0.001%	1,027	-	-	N/A
Investment Pools:						
Lone Star	102,337,242	95.641%	102,337,242	-	-	AAA
TexPool	12,936	0.012%	12,936	-	-	AAA
TexSTAR	 5,249	0.005%	 5,249			AAA
Total Cash and Cash	\$ 104,833,504	<u>97.974%</u>	\$ 104,833,504			
Equivalents						
Certificates of Deposit	 2,167,326	2.026%	 2,167,326			AAA
Total Cash, Deposits in Investment Pools, and						
Money Market Accounts	\$ 107,000,830	100.00%	\$ 107,000,830			

Total Cash and Cash Equivalents - Primary Government

Total Cash and Cash Equivalents - Fiduciary Funds

Total Cash and Cash Equivalents - Fiduciary Funds

\$\frac{89,115}{104,833,504}\$

#### Investments

District Policies and Legal and Contractual Provisions Governing Investments

#### Compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act

The **Public Funds Investment Act** (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the District to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, (9) and bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

Statutes authorize the entity to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas and its agencies; (2) guaranteed or secured certificates of deposit issued by state and national banks domiciled in Texas; (3) obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities and other political subdivisions of any state having been rated as to investment quality not less than an "A"; (4) No load money market funds with a weighted average maturity of 90 days or less; (5) fully collateralized repurchase agreements; (6) commercial paper having a stated maturity of 270 days or less from the date of issuance and is not rated less than A-1 or P-1 by two nationally recognized credit rating agencies OR one nationally recognized credit agency and is fully secured by an irrevocable letter of credit; (7) secured corporate bonds rated not lower than "AA-" or the equivalent; (8) public funds investment pools; and (9) guaranteed investment contracts for bond proceeds investment only, with a defined termination date and secured by U.S. Government direct or agency obligations approved by the Texas public Funds Investment Act in an amount equal to the bond proceeds. The Act also requires the entity to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The District is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

Additional policies and contractual provisions governing deposits and investments for Hallsville Independent School District are specified below:

<u>Credit Risk</u> To limit the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations the District limits investments to those covered by the Public Funds Investment Act. As of August 31, 2022, the District's investments in investment pools was rated AAA by Standard & Poor's.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk for Investments</u> To limit the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. The District requires counterparties to register the securities in the name of the district and hand them over to the District or its designated agent. This includes securities in securities lending transactions. All of the securities are in the District's name and are held by the District or its agent.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u> To limit the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer, the District requires investments to be made in a manner that ensures the preservation of capital in the overall portfolio, and offsets during the 12-month period any market price losses resulting from interest-rate fluctuations by income received from the balance of the portfolio.

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u> To limit the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of investments, the District requires any internally created pool fund group of the District to have a maximum dollar weighted maturity of 180 days. The maximum allowable stated maturity of any other individual investment owned by the District may not exceed one year from the time of purchase. All of the District's investments at August 31, 2022 had a maturity of one year or less.

<u>Foreign Currency Risk for Investments</u> The District does not have any investments denominated in a foreign currency.

The District categorizes its fair value measurements with the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy below. In instances where inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the above fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The District's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgment and considers factors specific to each asset or liability.

The District's investments are held in First Public Lone Star Corporate Overnight Plus Fund, TexPool Texas Local Government Investment Pool, TexSTAR, and Certificates of Deposit, which are classified as cash and cash equivalents as they are exempt from Fair Value Measurement under GASB 72 as they qualify as 2a-7 like investment pools.

#### **B. PROPERTY TAXES**

Property taxes are levied on October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real estate and business personal property located in the District in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent and subject to interest if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 31 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property taxes are considered available when collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period, however, amounts collected during the 60-day period after year-end are not considered material to the financial statements and are not reported.

The tax rates assessed for the year ended August 31, 2022, to finance General Fund operations and the payment of principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt were \$0.9610 and \$0.2490 per \$100 valuation, respectively, for a total of \$1.2100 per \$100 valuation. The assessed value of the property tax roll on July 22, 2021, upon which the levy for the 2021-2022 fiscal year was based, was \$2,798,087,552.

Current tax collections for the year ended August 31, 2022 were 98.63% of the year end adjusted tax levy. Delinquent taxes are prorated between maintenance and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy. Allowances for uncollectible taxes within the General and Debt Service Funds are based on historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature. As of August 31, 2022, unavailable revenue, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, totaled \$960,293 and \$277,827 for the General and Debt Service Funds, respectively.

## C. INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

### 1. Due To and From Other Funds

Balances due to and due from other funds at August 31, 2022, consisted of the following:

Due to Fund	Due From Fund	Amount			
General Fund	Debt Service Fund	\$	49,179		
General Fund	Special Revenue Funds		2,592,749		
	Total	\$	2,641,928		

All amounts due are scheduled to be repaid within one year.

### 2. Transfers To and From Other Funds

Transfer To	Transfer From	Amount		
General Fund	Special Revenue Funds	\$	1,526	
	Total	\$	1,526	

## D. DISAGGREGATION OF RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Receivables at August 31, 2022 were as follows:

	Property Taxes	Other Governments	Due From Other Funds	Other	Total Receivables
Governmental Activities: General Fund Nonmajor Governmental Fund	\$ 988,539 286,327	\$ 47,862,642 4,077,734	\$ 2,641,928	\$ 1,308 27,552	\$ 51,494,417 4,391,613
Total – Governmental Activities	\$ 1,274,866	\$ 51,940,376	\$ 2,641,928	\$ 28,860	\$ 55,886,030
Amounts not scheduled for collection during the subsequent year	\$ 36,746	\$ -	\$ -	<u> </u>	\$ 36,746

Payables at August 31, 2022 were as follows:

	Accounts	Salaries and Benefits	Due to Other Funds	Total Payments
<b>Governmental Activities:</b>				
General Fund Capital Projects	\$ 146,368 2,827,190	\$ 3,746,445	\$ -	\$ 3,892,813 2,827,190
Nonmajor Governmental Fund	172,989	136,753	2,641,928	2,951,670
Total-Governmental Activities	\$ 3,146,547	\$ 3,883,198	\$2,641,928	\$ 9,671,673

## E. CAPITAL ASSET ACTIVITY

Capital asset activity for the District for the year ended August 31, 2022, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance		Additions		Adjustments & Retirements		Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:							
Assets Not Being Depreciated:							
Land	\$ 4,951,355	\$	-	\$	(12,034)	\$	4,939,321
Construction in Progress	12,036,828		25,733,770		-		37,770,598
Assets with Depreciation:							
<b>Buildings and Improvements</b>	147,409,576		455,949		-		147,865,525
Vehicles	6,343,081		1,074,893		-		7,417,974
Equipment	7,463,522	_	879,893		-		8,343,415
Totals at Historic Cost	178,204,362	_	28,144,505		(12,034)		206,336,833
Less Accumulated Depreciation							
for:							
<b>Buildings and Improvements</b>	(48,361,551)		(3,365,617)		-		(51,727,168)
Vehicles	(4,158,563)		(694,365)		-		(4,852,928)
Equipment	(5,295,740)	_	(344,377)		-		(5,640,117)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(57,815,854)	_	(4,404,359)		-		(62,220,213)
Total Assets being Depreciated, Net	120,388,508	-	23,740,146		(12,034)		144,116,620
Leased Assets	_		441,952		_		441,952
Less Accumulated Amortization	-		(128,538)		_		(128,538)
Total Assets being Amortized, Net	-	-	313,414	•	-	•	313,414
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 120,388,508	\$	24,053,560	\$	(12,034)	\$	144,430,034

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

	<u>Depreciation</u>	<b>Amortization</b>
Instruction	\$ 2,856,823	\$ 2,693
Instructional Resources and Media Services	53,667	-
Curriculum Development and Instructional Staff		
Development	7,592	-
Instructional Leadership	141,755	-
School Leadership	255,201	-
Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services	200,818	-
Social Work Services	8,914	
Health Services	55,547	-
Student (Pupil) Transportation	171,933	21,555
Food Services	18,189	-
Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	69,603	2,693
General Administration	207,720	24,667
Facilities Maintenance and Operations	255,648	65,811
Security and Monitoring Service	54,016	5,440
Data Processing Services	46,935	-
Capital Outlay	<del>_</del>	5,679
	<u>\$ 4,404,361</u>	<u>\$ 128,538</u>

#### F. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The District has entered into a continuing disclosure undertaking to provide Annual Reports and Material Event Notices to the State Information Depository of Texas, which is the Municipal Advisory Council. This information is required under SEC Rule 15c2-12 to enable investors to analyze the financial condition and operations of the District.

Long-term obligations include debt and other long-term liabilities. Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended August 31, 2022, are as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	_	Decreases	_	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:							
Unlimited tax & refunding							
bonds	\$ 89,630,000	\$ -	\$	4,920,000	\$	84,710,000	\$ 5,155,000
Unamortized bond premium	12,392,070	-		1,985,958		10,406,112	1,835,668
Right-to-Use Lease	-	441,952		128,538		313,414	167,052
TRS Net Pension Liability	10,138,340	(4,200,374)		852,229		5,085,737	-
TRS Net OPEB Liability	12,641,015	1,075,118	_	272,271	_	13,443,862	
Total governmental							
activities	\$ 124,801,425	\$ (2,683,304)	\$	8,158,996	\$	113,959,125	\$ 7,157,720

### **Bond Payable**

The following is a summary of changes in the general obligation bonds for the fiscal year:

Series	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Beginning Balance	Reductions	Ending Balance
2020 - Unlimited Tax School Building & Refunding Bonds 2020 - Unlimited Tax Refunding	3.00-5.00%	2040	\$ 87,215,000	\$ 4,335,000	\$82,880,000
Bonds	1.80-2.05%	2025	2,415,000	585,000	1,830,000
Totals			\$ 89,630,000	\$ 4,920,000	\$84,710,000

Changes in debt-related deferred outflows of resources for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2022 were:

	Balance at			
	August 31, 2021,	Issued/	Retired/	Balance at
	As Adjusted	<u>Increases</u>	Refunded	August 31, 2022
Deferred Loss on				
Defeasance of Bonds	\$ 93,648	-	\$ 27,079	\$ 66,569

Debt service requirements on long-term bond debt at August 31, 2022, are as follows:

Year Ending August 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 5,155,000	\$ 3,537,680	\$ 8,692,680
2024	5,400,000	3,292,408	8,692,408
2025	5,655,000	3,034,480	8,689,480
2026	5,945,000	2,753,625	8,698,625
2027	6,250,000	2,448,750	8,698,750
2028-2032	26,835,000	7,566,625	34,401,625
2033-2037	17,555,000	3,206,600	20,761,600
2038-2040	11,915,000	543,225	12,458,225
Totals	\$ 84,710,000	\$ 26,383,393	\$ 111,093,393

### Right-to-Use Lease Payable

The District has entered into agreements to lease certain equipment. The lease agreements qualify as other than short-term leases under GASB 87 Leases and therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inception. There were no payments recorded in the current year that were not included in the measurement of the right-to-use lease liability, no commitments prior to the commencement of the lease contract, and no lease impairments as of August 31, 2022.

The leases entered into agreement with the District are at follows:

Agreements with Enterprise Fleet Management for multiple vehicle leases; average monthly payments of \$10,712; lease liability measured using a discount rate ranging from 3.00 to 4.00%; the leases have

various inception and ending dates, the earliest inception of the leases is May 2020 and the last ending date is January 2026.

Agreements with mobile Modular Portable Building for a portable building; monthly payments of \$1,984; lease liability measured using a discount rate of 1.81%; inception of the lease is August 2022 with 12 monthly payments ending August 2023.

Description	Discount Interest Rate	Original Lease Liability	Interest Current Year	Amounts Outstanding 09/01/21	Additions	Retired	Amounts Outstanding 08/31/22
Enterprise Fleet Management, maturing through 1/2025	3.00- 4.00%	\$ 418,139	\$ 18,398	\$ -	\$ 418,139	\$ 128,538	\$ 289,601
Mobile Modular Portable Building, maturing through 8/2023	1.81%	23,813	-	-	23,813	-	23,813
Total			\$ 18,398	\$ -	\$ 441,952	\$ 128,538	\$ 313,414

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of August 31, 2022 were as follows:

#### Governmental Activities

Year Ending August 31,	Principal	Interest		Total
2023	\$ 167,052	\$ 25,232	\$	192,284
2024	79,808	14,194		94,002
2025	49,375	8,282		57,657
2026	17,179	2,208		19,387
2027		_	_	
Totals	\$ 313,414	\$ 49,916	\$	363,330

#### G. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

**Plan Description** – The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). It is a defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

**Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position** – Detailed information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at <a href="http://www.trs.texas.gov">http://www.trs.texas.gov</a>; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

Benefits Provided – TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan Description above.

Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if, as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action. Actuarial implications of the funding provided in the manner are determined by the System's actuary.

**Contributions** – Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. The TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) of the 86th Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and increased employee and employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2020 thru 2025. Contribution Rates can be found in the TRS 2021 ACFR, Note 11, on page 85 and 86.

	Contribution Rates		
	2021		2022
Member	7.7%		8.00%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	7.5%		7.75%
Employers	7.5%		7.75%
District's FY 2022 Employer Contributions		\$	964,708
District's FY 2022 Member Contributions		\$	2,621,579
Measurement Year NECE On-behalf Contributions		\$	2,029,937

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education and junior colleges, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year

reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers including public schools are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources or from a privately sponsored source.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there are two additional surcharges an employer is subject to.

- All public schools, charter schools, and regional educational service centers must contribute 1.6 percent of the member's salary beginning in fiscal year 2021, gradually increasing to 2 percent in fiscal year 2025. The surcharge for fiscal year 2022 is 1.7 percent.
- When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.

**Actuarial Assumptions** - The total pension liability in the August 31, 2020 actuarial was determined using the following actuarial assumptions: *Actuarial Assumptions can be found in the 2021 TRS ACFR, Note 11, page 87.* 

Valuation Date August 31, 2020 rolled forward to August 31, 2021

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Asset Valuation Method Market Value

Single Discount Rate 7.25% Long-term expected Rate 7.25%

Municipal Bond Rate as of August, 2021 1.95% - Source for the rate is the Fixed Income

Market Data/ Yield Curve/ Data Municipal Bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity

index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index."

Last year ending August 31 in

Projection Period (100 years)

2120
2.30%

Salary Increases 3.05% to 9.05% including inflation

Ad hoc Post Employment Benefit Changes None

The actuarial methods and assumptions used in the determination of the total pension liability are the same assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2020. For a full description of these assumptions please see the TRS actuarial valuation report date November 9, 2020.

**Discount Rate** – A single discount rate of 7.25 percent was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on plan investments of 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that contributions from active members, employers and the non-employer contributing entity will be made at the rates set by the legislature during the 2019 session. It is assumed that future employer and state contributions will be 8.50 percent of payroll in fiscal year 2020 gradually increasing to 9.55 percent of payroll over the next several years. This includes all employer and state contributions for active and rehired retirees.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.25%. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target asset allocation as of August 31, 2021 (see page 53 of the TRS ACFR) are summarized below:

Asset Class *	Target Allocation % **	Long-Term Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return ***	Expected Contributed to Long- Term Portfolio Returns
Global Equity			
USA	18.0%	3.6%	0.94%
Non-US Developed	13.0%	4.4%	0.83%
Emerging Markets	9.0%	4.6%	0.74%
Private Equity	14.0%	6.3%	1.36%
Stable Value			
Government Bonds	16.0%	(.2)%	.01%
Absolute Return	-	1.1	-
Stable Value Hedge Funds	5.0	1.2	.12
Real Return			
Real Estate	15.0%	4.5%	1.00%
Energy, Natural Resources, &			
Infrastructure	6.0	4.7	0.35
Commodities	-	1.7	-
Risk Parity	8.0%	2.8%	0.28%
<b>Asset Allocation Leverage</b>			
Cash	2.0%	(.7)%	(.01)%
Asset Allocation Leverage	(6.0)	(.5)	0.03
Inflation Expectation			2.20%
Volatility Drag ****			(0.95)%
Expected Return	100%		6.90%

<sup>\*</sup> Absolute Return includes Credit Sensitive Investments.

**Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis** – The following table presents the Net Pension Liability of the plan using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, and what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.25 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate. The discount rate can be found in the 2021 TRS ACFR, Note 11, page 87 and the Table of Sensitivities [Table 11.1.1] can be found on page 88.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Target allocations are based on the FY2021 policy model.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Capital Market Assumptions come from Aon Hewitt (as of 8/31/2021).

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup> The volatility drag results from the conversion between arithmetic and geometric mean returns.

	1% Decrease in		1% Increase in
	Discount Rate	Discount Rate	Discount Rate
	(6.25%)	(7.25%)	(8.25%)
District's proportionate share of the net			
pension liability:	\$ 11,113,142	\$ 5,085,737	\$ 195,682

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – At August 31, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$5,085,737 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's Proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 5,085,737
State's proportionate share that is associated with District	 12,113,793
Total	\$ 17,199,530

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2020 and rolled forward to August 31, 2021 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2020 thru August 31, 2021.

At August 31, 2021 the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was .0199703313% which was an increase of .0010406699% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2020.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation – There are no changes in assumptions since the prior measurement date.

For the year ended August 31, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$709,596 and revenue of \$48,429 for support provided by the State in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities.

At August 31, 2022, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources: (The amounts shown below will be the cumulative layers from the current and prior years combined.)

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 8,511	\$ 358,040
Changes in actuarial assumptions	1,797,709	783,647
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	1	4,264,324
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	895,583	509,144
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date		
[to be calculated by employer]	964,708	-
Total	\$ 3,666,511	\$ 5,915,155

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended August 31:	Pension Expense Amount
2023	\$ (552,291)
2024	(618,289)
2025	(978,122)
2026	(1,148,992)
2027	70,355
Thereafter	13,987

#### H. DEFINED OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN

**Plan Description** – The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan that has a special funding situation. The TRS-Care program was established in 1986 by the Texas Legislature.

The TRS Board of Trustees administers the TRS-Care program and the related fund in accordance with Texas Insurance Code Chapter 1575. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. The Board may adopt rules, plans, procedures, and orders reasonably necessary to administer the program, including minimum benefits and financing standards.

**OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position** – Detail information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at <a href="https://www.trs.texas.gov/Pages/about publications.aspx">https://www.trs.texas.gov/Pages/about publications.aspx</a>; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

Components of the net OPEB liability of the TRS-Care plan as of August 31, 2021 are as follows:

Net OPEB LiabilityTotalTotal OPEB Liability\$41,113,711,083Less: plan fiduciary net position(2,539,242,470)Net OPEB liability\$38,574,468,613Net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability6.18%

**Benefits Provided** – TRS-Care provides health insurance coverage to retirees from public and charter schools, regional education service centers, and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension system. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in TRS-Care Standard, a high-deductible health plan. Eligible Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in the TRS-Care Medicare Advantage medical plan and the TRS-Care Medicare Rx prescription drug plan. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. There are no automatic postemployment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs.

The General Appropriations Act passed by the 86th Legislature included funding to maintain TRS Care premiums at their current level through 2021. The 86th legislature also passed SB 1682 which requires TRS to establish a contingency reserve in the TRS-Care fund equal to 60 days of expenditures. This amount is estimated as \$277,311,000 as of August 31, 2021.

The premium rates for retirees are reflected in the following table:

TRS-Care Monthly Premium rates

	Med	dicare	Non-Medicare	
Retiree or Surviving Spouse	\$	135	\$	200
Retiree and Spouse		529		689
Retiree or Surviving Spouse and Children		468		408
Retiree and Family		1,020		999

Contributions – Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and participating employers based on active employee compensation. The TRS Board of Trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, Section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.25% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is .65% of salary. Section 1575.204 establishes a public school contribution rate of not less than 0.25 percent or not more than 0.75 percent of the salary of each active employee of the employer. The actual public school contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act which is 0.75% of each active employee's pay for fiscal year 2021. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

#### **Contribution Rates**

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>
Active Employee	0.65%	0.65%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	1.25%	1.25%
Employers	0.75%	0.75%
Federal/private Funding Remitted by Employers	1.25%	1.25%
District's 2022 FY Employer Contributions		\$ 288,665
District's 2022 FY Member Contributions		\$ 213,004
Measurement Year NECE On-Behalf Contributions		\$ 364,782

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to (regardless of whether or not they participate in the TRS Care OPEB program). When employers hire a TRS retiree, they are required to pay to TRS-Care, a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

TRS-Care received supplemental appropriations from the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contributing Entity in the amount of \$2,208,137 for fiscal year 2020 and \$3,312,206 for fiscal year 2021 for consumer protections against medical and health care by certain out-of-network providers.

**Actuarial Assumptions** – The actuarial valuation was performed as of August 31, 2020. Update procedures were used to roll forward the Total OPEB Liability to August 31, 2021. The actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions: *Actuarial Assumptions can be found in the 2021 TRS ACFR, Note 9, pages 76-77.* 

The actuarial valuation of the OPEB plan offered through TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuation performed for the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. The demographic assumptions were developed in the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017. The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are based on an established pattern of practice and are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2020 TRS pension actuarial valuation that was rolled forward to August 31, 2021:

Rates of Mortality Rates of Disability
Rates of Retirement General Inflation
Rates of Termination Wage Inflation

The active mortality rates were based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables for males and females. The post-retirement mortality rates for healthy lives were based on the 2018 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables, with full generational projection using the ultimate improvement rates from the mortality projection scale MP-2018.

Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation Date August 31, 2020 rolled forward to August 31,2021

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Inflation 2.30%

Single Discount Rate 1.95% - as of August 31, 2021
Aging Factors Based on plan specific experience

Expenses Third-party administrative expenses related to the

delivery of health care benefits are included in the

age-adjusted claims costs.

Salary Increases 3.05% to 9.05% including inflation

Ad hoc Post Employment Benefit Changes None

The initial medical trend rates were 8.50 percent for Medicare retirees and 7.10% for non-Medicare retirees. There was an initial prescription drug trend rate of 8.50 percent for all retirees. The initial trend rates decrease to an ultimate trend rate of 4.25% over a period of 12 years.

**Discount Rate** – A single discount rate of 1.95 percent was used to measure the total OPEB liability. There was a decrease of .38 percent in the discount rate since the previous year. *The Discount Rate can be found in the 2021 TRS ACFR on page 77*. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the nonemployer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was used for the long-term rate of return and was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

The source of the municipal bond rate is the Fidelity "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of August 31, 2021 using the Fixed Income Market Data/ Yield Curve/ Data Municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds.

**Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis** – The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (1.95%) in measuring the Net OPEB Liability.

	1% Decrease in	Current Single	1% Increase in
	Discount Rate	Discount Rate	Discount Rate
	(.95%)	(1.95%)	(2.95%)
District's proportionate share of			
the Net OPEB Liability:	\$ 16,216,395	\$ 13,443,862	\$ 11,261,788

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs – At August 31, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$13,443,862 for its proportionate share of the TRS's Net OPEB Liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with District were as follows:

District's Proportionate share of the collective Net OPEB liability	\$ 13,443,862
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	18,011,778
Total	<u>\$ 31,455,640</u>

The Net OPEB Liability was measured as of August 31, 2020 and rolled forward to August 31, 2021 and the Total OPEB Liability used to calculate the Net OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability was based on the employer's contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2020 thru August 31, 2021.

At August 31, 2021 the employer's proportion of the collective Net OPEB Liability was .0348517089%, compared to .0015985818% as of August 31, 2020. This is an increase of .0015985818%.

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if a healthcare trend rate that is 1% less than and 1% greater than the health trend rates assumed.

	1% Decrease	Current Single	1% Increase
	Healthcare Trend	Healthcare Trend	Healthcare Trend
	Rate	Rate	Rate
District's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability:	\$10,889,082	\$13,443,862	\$16,871,741

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation – The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the Total OPEB liability (TOL) since the prior measurement period: *These can be found in the 2021 TRS ACFR on page 77*.

• The discount rate changed from 2.33 percent as of August 31, 2020 to 1.95 percent as of August 31, 2021. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.

Changes of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date – There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

At August 31, 2022, District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 578,822	\$ 6,507,769
Changes in actuarial assumptions	1,489,066	2,843,128
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	14,596	-
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	2,257,133	1,681,484
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date [to		
be calculated by employer]	288,665	-
Total	\$ 4,628,282	\$ 11,032,381

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows (not including the deferred contribution paid subsequent to the measurement date) of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended August 31:	OPEB Expense Amount
2023	\$ (1,412,989)
2024	(1,413,319)
2025	(1,413,228)
2026	(1,059,350)
2027	(580,261)
Thereafter	(813,617)

For the year ended August 31, 2022, District recognized OPEB expense of \$(1,121,734) and revenue of \$(664,772) for support provided by the State.

#### I. HEALTH CARE & MEDICARE PART D COVERAGE - ACTIVE EMPLOYEES

<u>Plan Description</u> The District participates in TRS Active Care sponsored by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas and administered through Blue Cross Blue Shield of Texas and Caremark (pharmacy). TRS-Active Care provides health care coverage to employees (and their dependents) of participating public education entities. Optional life and long-term care insurance are also provided to active members and retirees. Authority for the plan can be found in the Texas Insurance Code, Title 8, Subtitle H, Chapter 1579 and in the Texas Administrative Code, Title 34, Part 3, Chapter 41. The plan began operations on September 1, 2002. This is a premium-based plan. Payments are made on a monthly basis for all covered employees.

<u>Medicare Part D</u> The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003, effective January 1, 2006, established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. One of the provisions of Medicare Part D allows for the Texas Public School Retired Employee Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care) to receive retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. For the fiscal year ended August 31, 2022, 2021, and 2020 the subsidy payments received by TRS-Care on-behalf of the District were \$137,593, \$143,350, and \$131,129 respectively. These payments are recorded as equal revenues and expenditures in the governmental funds financial statements of the District.

#### J. WORKERS' COMPENSATION

The District joined together with other districts in the East Texas area to form the Texas Educational Insurance Association, a public entity risk pool currently operating a workers' compensation risk management and insurance program for various member school districts. During the 2021-22 school year, the District paid a fixed cost in the amount of \$62,573 for administration of claims, loss control, recordkeeping, and the cost of stop-loss insurance.

Total workers' compensation claims and loss funding sharing payments were \$52,757 for the year. The District may be required to pay and retains the risk of loss for workers' compensation claims up to its loss fund maximum. When and if schools in the Association exceed their loss fund maximum, the District will be required to pay a percentage share of the excess. A reconciliation of claims activity for the past two fiscal years is provided below:

	Beginning		Claims		Claims		Ending
	Balance		Incurred		Paid		Balance
Year ended August 31, 2022	\$ 237,738	\$	52,757	\$	(101,304)	\$	189,191
Year ended August 31, 2021	208,446		83,994		(54,702)		237,738

Debt Service

#### K. UNAVAILABLE/UNEARNED REVENUE

Unavailable revenue at year end consisted of the following:

	Gene	ral Fund	Fund					
Unavailable Revenue – Property Taxes	\$	960,293	\$	277,827				
Total Unavailable Revenue	\$	960,293	\$	277,827				
Unearned revenue at year end consisted of the following:								
	Gene	ral Fund	Special Revenue Funds					
Tuition from Transfer Students Texas Education Agency Tickets for Athletic Activity Unearned School Nutrition Other	\$	113,101 - 67,660 - 2,150	\$	11,006 169,819				
Total Unearned Revenue	\$	182,911	\$	180,825				

### L. DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The District participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to partially or fully finance certain activities. In addition, the District receives entitlements from the State through the School Foundation and Per Capita Programs. Amounts due from federal and state governments as of August 31, 2022, are summarized below. There were no amounts due from federal grants as of August 31, 2022.

<u>Fund</u>		<u>Other</u>	]	Entitlements		<u>Total</u>
General Fund Special Revenue Funds	\$	18,553 5,059	\$	47,844,089 4,072,675	\$	47,862,642 4,077,734
Total	\$	23,612	\$	51,916,764	\$	51,940,376

#### M. REVENUE FROM LOCAL AND INTERMEDIATE SOURCES

During the current year, revenues from local and intermediate sources as shown on the governmental activities financials consisted of the following:

	General	Other	Capital	Т-4-1
	Fund	Funds	Projects	Total
Property Taxes	\$26,522,181	\$ 6,885,162	\$ -	\$ 33,407,343
Food Sales	-	228,506	-	228,506
Investment Income	542,522	63,483	107,759	713,764
Penalties, Interest and Other Tax				
Related Income	343,273	-	-	343,273
Campus Activity	-	204,012	-	204,012
Athletics	124,169	=	-	124,169
Virtual School	11,346,704	-	-	11,346,704
Ch 313 Application	-	85,000	-	85,000
Other	322,667	860,377		1,183,044
	\$39,201,516	\$ 8,326,540	\$ 107,759	\$ 47,635,815

#### N. LITIGATION AND CONTINGENCIES

The District is not a party to any legal action and is not aware of any potential litigations except for various claims filed against the District with the U.S. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission. The District believes that any liability that may ultimately result from the resolution of these matters will not have a material effect on the financial condition or results of operations of the District.

The District participates in numerous state and federal grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, if any, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at August 31, 2022 may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying combined financial statements for such contingencies.

### O. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal 2022, the district purchased commercial insurance to cover general liabilities. There were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year, and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

#### P. SUBSEQUENT ENVENTS

The District entered into a five-year lease contract for copiers on 9/1/2022 with a capitalized amount of \$1,061,409 and a liability amount of \$1,061,409.

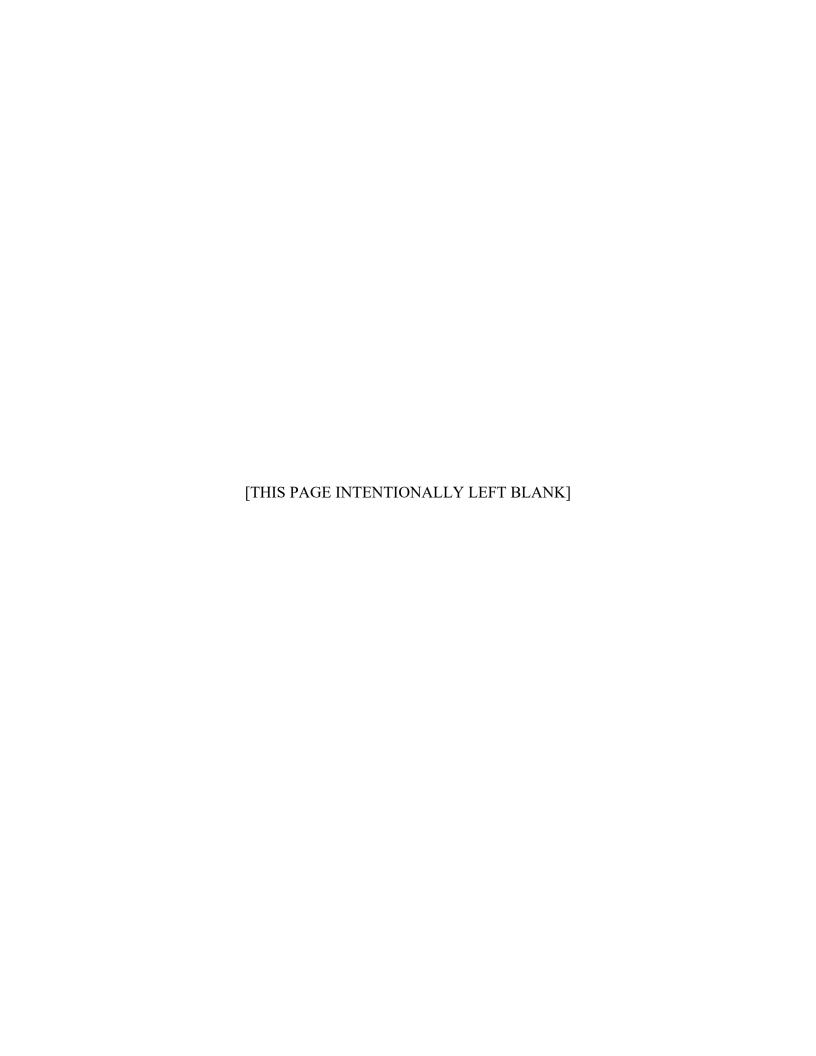
#### Q. EXTRAORDINARY ITEM

The extraordinary item of \$50,003 is insurance proceeds received for damages to vehicle property across the district, caused by inclement weather in January 2022.



# HALLSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Data Control	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)	Variance With Final Budget		
Codes	Original	Final		Positive or (Negative)		
REVENUES: 5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources 5800 State Program Revenues 5900 Federal Program Revenues	\$ 35,725,017 100,257,576 439,900	\$ 36,680,069 134,452,844 439,900	\$ 39,201,516 138,111,938 637,690	\$ 2,521,447 3,659,094 197,790		
5020 Total Revenues	136,422,493	171,572,814	177,951,144	6,378,330		
EXPENDITURES:		<u> </u>	·- <u></u>			
Current: 0011 Instruction	114,521,025	148,897,140	148,815,970	81,170		
0012 Instructional Resources and Media Services	637,229	644,729	636,073	8,656		
0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development	153,274	153,274	118,742	34,532		
0021 Instructional Leadership	1,390,680	1,390,680	1,326,591	64,089		
0023 School Leadership	2,574,339	2,574,339	2,573,256	1,083		
0031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services	1,215,721	1,147,221	1,071,454	75,767		
0032 Social Work Services	88,998	89,998	88,585	1,413		
0033 Health Services	576,809	576,809	566,298	10,511		
0034 Student (Pupil) Transportation	2,188,930	2,314,852	2,104,268	210,584		
0035 Food Services	5,000	5,000	119	4,881		
0036 Extracurricular Activities	1,362,151	1,407,151	1,398,476	8,675		
0041 General Administration	2,498,771	2,673,771	2,549,613	124,158		
0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations	6,950,980	7,159,267	6,882,140	277,127		
0052 Security and Monitoring Services	540,237	620,237	605,104	15,133		
0053 Data Processing Services	883,820	883,820	867,002	16,818		
0061 Community Services	2,900	2,900	1,339	1,561		
Debt Service:						
0071 Principal on Long-Term Liabilities	225,000	432,067	128,538	303,529		
0072 Interest on Long-Term Liabilities	-	21,371	18,398	2,973		
0073 Bond Issuance Cost and Fees	1,500	23,062	22,102	960		
Capital Outlay: 0081 Facilities Acquisition and Construction	1,100,000	2,100,000	19,526	2,080,474		
Intergovernmental:  Other Intergovernmental Charges	570,000	570,000	564,724	5,276		
Total Expenditures	137,487,364	173,687,688	170,358,318	3,329,370		
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,064,871)	(2,114,874)	7,592,826	9,707,700		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
7913 Right-to-Use Leases	1,100,000	2,100,000	441,952	(1,658,048)		
7915 Transfers In	-	-	1,526	1,526		
7949 Other Resources	-	-	10,919	10,919		
7080 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,100,000	2,100,000	454,397	(1,645,603)		
EXTRAORDINARY ITEMS: 7919 Extraordinary Item - Resource	-	50,003	50,003	-		
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances	35,129	35,129	8,097,226	8,062,097		
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)	25,653,461	25,653,461	25,653,461	-		
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$ 25,688,590	\$ 25,688,590	\$ 33,750,687	\$ 8,062,097		



# HALLSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

	I	FY 2022 Plan Year 2021	_]	FY 2021 Plan Year 2020	]	FY 2020 Plan Year 2019
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)		0.019970331%		0.018929661%		0.017598337%
District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	5,085,737	\$	10,138,340	\$	9,148,166
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Associated with the District		12,113,793		25,134,520		23,944,545
Total	\$	17,199,530	\$	35,272,860	\$	33,092,711
District's Covered Payroll	\$	31,900,420	\$	30,564,777	\$	27,850,783
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		15.94%		33.17%		32.85%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		88.79%		75.54%		75.24%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P20.183 requires that the information on this schedule be data from the period corresponding with the periods covered as of the measurement dates of August 31, 2021 for year 2022, August 31, 2020 for year 2021, August 31, 2019 for year 2020, August 31, 2018 for year 2019, August 31, 2017 for year 2018, August 31, 2016 for year 2017, August 31, 2015 for year 2016 and August 31, 2014 for year 2015.

This schedule shows only the years for which this information is available. Additional information will be added until 10 years of data are available and reported.

P	FY 2019 lan Year 2018	Pl	FY 2018 an Year 2017	FY 2017 Plan Year 2016	FY 2016 Plan Year 2015	FY 2015 Plan Year 2014
	0.0193453%		0.0204799%	0.0198844%	0.020431%	0.0089279%
\$	10,648,103	\$	6,548,363	\$ 7,514,046	\$ 7,222,087	2,384,766
	25,892,006		15,969,935	19,851,808	19,225,141	15,748,323
\$	36,540,109	\$	22,518,298	\$ 27,365,854	\$ 26,447,228	\$ 18,133,089
\$	27,638,153	\$	27,834,688	\$ 27,932,831	\$ 27,057,260	24,972,750
	38.53%		23.53%	26.90%	26.69%	9.55%
	73.74%		82.17%	78.00%	78.43%	83.25%

# HALLSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS FOR PENSIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS

### FOR FISCAL YEAR 2022

	 2022	2021	2020
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 964,708 \$	823,001 \$	755,335
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(964,708)	(823,001)	(755,335)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ - \$	- \$	_
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 32,769,758 \$	31,900,420 \$	30,564,777
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	2.94%	2.58%	2.47%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P20.183 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District's respective fiscal years as opposed to the time periods covered by the measurement dates ending August 31 of the preceding year.

This schedule shows only the years for which this information is available. Additional information will be added until 10 years of data are available and reported.

 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015
\$ 617,499	\$ 641,146	\$ 632,354	\$ 631,695	\$ 597,887
(617,499)	(641,146)	(632,354)	(631,695)	(597,887)
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
\$ 27,850,783	\$ 27,638,153	\$ 27,834,688	\$ 27,932,831	\$ 27,057,260
2.22%	2.32%	2.27%	2.26%	2.21%

# HALLSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

	 FY 2022 Plan Year 2021	FY 2021 Plan Year 2020	I	FY 2020 Plan Year 2019
District's Proportion of the Net Liability (Asset) for Other Postemployment Benefits	0.034851709%	0.033253127%		0.030434401%
District's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 13,443,862	\$ 12,641,015	\$	14,392,800
State's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) Associated with the District	18,011,778	16,986,494		19,124,813
Total	\$ 31,455,640	\$ 29,627,509	\$	33,517,613
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 31,900,420	\$ 30,564,777	\$	27,850,783
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	42.14%	41.36%		51.68%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	6.18%	4.99%		2.66%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P50.238 states that the information on this schedule should be determined as of the measurement date. The amounts reported for FY 2022 are for measurement date August 31, 2021. The amounts reported for FY 2021 are for the measurement date of August 31, 2020. The amounts for FY 2020 are for the measurement date August 31, 2019. The amounts for FY 2019 are for the measurement date August 31, 2017 measurement date.

This schedule shows only the years for which this information is available. Additional information will be added until 10 years of data are available and reported.

	FY 2019	FY 2018
F	Plan Year 2018	Plan Year 2017
	0.033160637%	0.034754301%
\$	16,557,410	\$ 15,113,342
	23,869,858	21,838,769
\$	40,427,268	\$ 36,952,111
	_	
\$	27,638,153	\$ 27,834,688
	59.91%	54.30%
	1.57%	0.91%

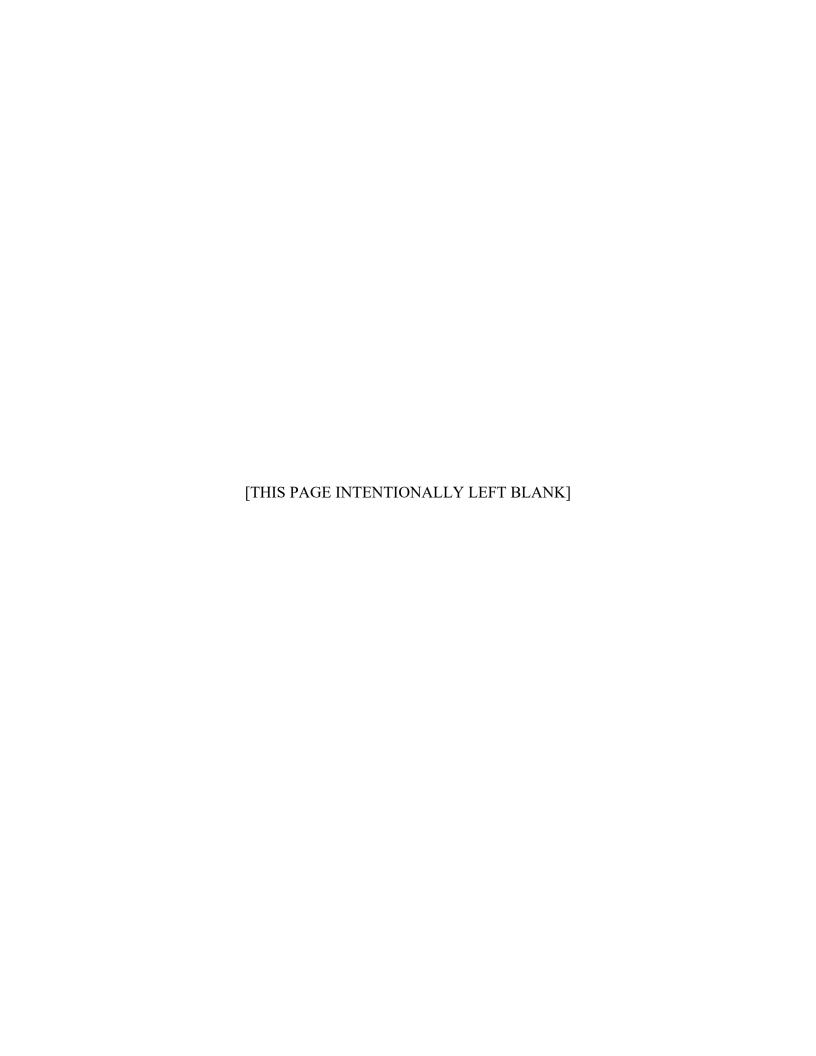
# HALLSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS FOR OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2022

	 2022	2021	2020
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 288,665 \$	260,711 \$	241,419
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	288,665	(260,711)	(241,419)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ - \$	- \$	
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 32,769,758 \$	31,900,420 \$	30,564,777
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	0.88%	0.82%	0.79%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P50.238 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District's respective fiscal years as opposed to the time periods covered by the measurement dates ending August 31 of the preceding year.

Information in this schedule should be provided only for the years where data is available. Eventually 10 years of data should be presented.

2019	2018
\$ 217,856	\$ 229,746
(217,856)	(229,746)
\$ -	\$ -
\$ 27,850,783	\$ 27,638,153
0.78%	0.83%



# COMBINING STATEMENTS AS SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

This supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

# HALLSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2022

D.:		211		224		225		240
Data	E	ESEA I, A IDEA - Part B Preschool  asic Program  - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ -	National					
Control Codes			F	ormula		Preschool		reakfast and
Codes	Bas	ic Program					Lı	ınch Program
ASSETS								
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,865,175
1220 Property Taxes - Delinquent		-		-		-		-
1230 Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes		=		-		-		-
1240 Due from Other Governments		203,447		295,943		2,448		119,126
1290 Other Receivables		-		-		-		27,552
1300 Inventories		-		-		-		94,567
1000 Total Assets	\$	203,447	\$	295,943	\$	2,448	\$	2,106,420
LIABILITIES								
2110 Accounts Payable	\$	5,720	\$	5,860	\$	=	\$	121,609
2150 Payroll Deductions and Withholdings Payable		6,330		10,617		108		1,190
2160 Accrued Wages Payable		68,812		37,956		_		11,277
2170 Due to Other Funds		122,585		241,510		2,340		-
2300 Unearned Revenue		-		-		-		169,819
2000 Total Liabilities		203,447		295,943	_	2,448		303,895
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
2601 Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		-		-		-		-
2600 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		-	_	_		-
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted Fund Balance:								
3450 Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction		_		-		-		1,802,525
3480 Retirement of Long-Term Debt		_		_		-		-
Committed Fund Balance:								
3545 Other Committed Fund Balance		-		-		-		-
3000 Total Fund Balances		-		-		-	_	1,802,525
4000 Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	\$	203,447	\$	295,943	\$	2,448	\$	2,106,420

	244 Career and Technical - Basic Grant	255 ESEA II, A Fraining and Recruiting		263 Title III, A English Lang. Acquisition		266 ESSER -School Emergency Relief -CARES		279 ESSER III TCLAS ARP Act		281 ESSER II CRRSA Act Supplemental	282 ESSER III ARP Act		283 ESSER-SUPP
\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
	-	-		-		-		-		-	-		-
	-	22,197		2,964		- -		51,758		156,536	446,012		1,514,666
	-	-		-		-		- -		-	- -		-
\$	-	\$ 22,197	\$	2,964	\$	-	\$	51,758	\$	156,536	\$ 446,012	\$	1,514,666
\$	-	\$ 335	\$	<del>-</del> -	\$	- -	\$	<del>-</del> -	\$	27,500	\$ 10,086 191	\$	1,879
	- - -	21,862		2,964 -		- - -		51,758		129,036	435,735		1,512,787 -
_	-	 22,197		2,964	_	-	_	51,758	_	156,536	446,012	_	1,514,666
	-	-		-		-		-		-	-		<del>-</del>
_	-	 -	_	-	_	-		-	_	<u>-</u>	-	_	-
	-	-		-		-		-		<u>-</u>	-		-
_	-	 -	_	-	_	-		-	_	<del>-</del>	 -	_	-
\$	-	\$ 22,197	\$	2,964	\$	-	\$	51,758	\$	156,536	\$ 446,012	\$	1,514,666

# HALLSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2022

ъ.			288	385		397		410
Data			Title IV,	Visually		Advanced		State
Contro	ol .		Part A,	Imp aired		Placement	It	structional
Codes			SSAEP	SSVI		Incentives		M aterials
Α	ASSETS							
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	=	\$ =	\$	=	\$	-
1220	Property Taxes - Delinquent		-	-		-		-
1230	Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes		-	-		-		-
1240	Due from Other Governments		5,578	-		-		77,872
1290	Other Receivables		-	-		-		-
1300	Inventories		-	-		-		-
1000	Total Assets	\$	5,578	\$ =	\$	-	\$	77,872
L	IABILITIES							
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	=	\$ =	\$	=	\$	-
2150	Payroll Deductions and Withholdings Payable		198	-		_		74
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		-	-		_		-
2170	Due to Other Funds		5,380	-		_		66,792
2300	Unearned Revenue		-	-		-		11,006
2000	Total Liabilities	_	5,578	-	_	-		77,872
Γ	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
2601	Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		=	=		=		-
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	-	-		-		-
F	UND BALANCES							
	Restricted Fund Balance:							
3450	Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction		_	_		_		_
3480	Retirement of Long-Term Debt		_	_		_		_
3400	Committed Fund Balance:							
3545	Other Committed Fund Balance		-	-		-		-
3000	Total Fund Balances	_	-	 -		-		-
4000	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	\$	5,578	\$ -	\$	-	\$	77,872

-	429		461		498		Total		599		Total
Oth	ner State		Campus	Tax	Abatement		Nonmajor	major Debt 1		Nonmajor	
S	pecial		Activity	A	pplication		Special		Service	G	overnmental
Rever	nue Funds		Funds		Activity	Re	evenue Funds		Fund		Funds
\$	-	\$	666,115	\$	-	\$	2,531,290	\$	4,337,646	\$	6,868,936
	-		-		-		-		286,327		286,327
	-		-		-		=		(8,500)		(8,500)
	-		-		-		2,898,547		1,179,187		4,077,734
	-		-		-		27,552		-		27,552
	-		-		-		94,567		-		94,567
\$	-	\$	666,115	\$	-	\$	5,551,956	\$	5,794,660	\$	11,346,616
¢.		¢.		¢.		ф.	172 000	Ф		Φ	172.000
\$	-	\$	=	\$	-	\$	172,989 18,708	<b>3</b>	-	\$	172,989 18,708
	-		-		-		118,045		-		118,045
	-		-		-		2,592,749		49,179		2,641,928
	-		- -		- -		180,825		45,175		180,825
	-		-		-	_	3,083,316		49,179		3,132,495
	_		_		_		_		277,827		277,827
			_		_		_		277,827		277,827
	_		_		_		1,802,525		_		1,802,525
	-		-		-		-		5,467,654		5,467,654
	-		666,115		_		666,115		-		666,115
	-		666,115		-		2,468,640		5,467,654		7,936,294
\$	_	\$	666,115	\$	-	\$	5,551,956	\$	5,794,660	\$	11,346,616

# HALLSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

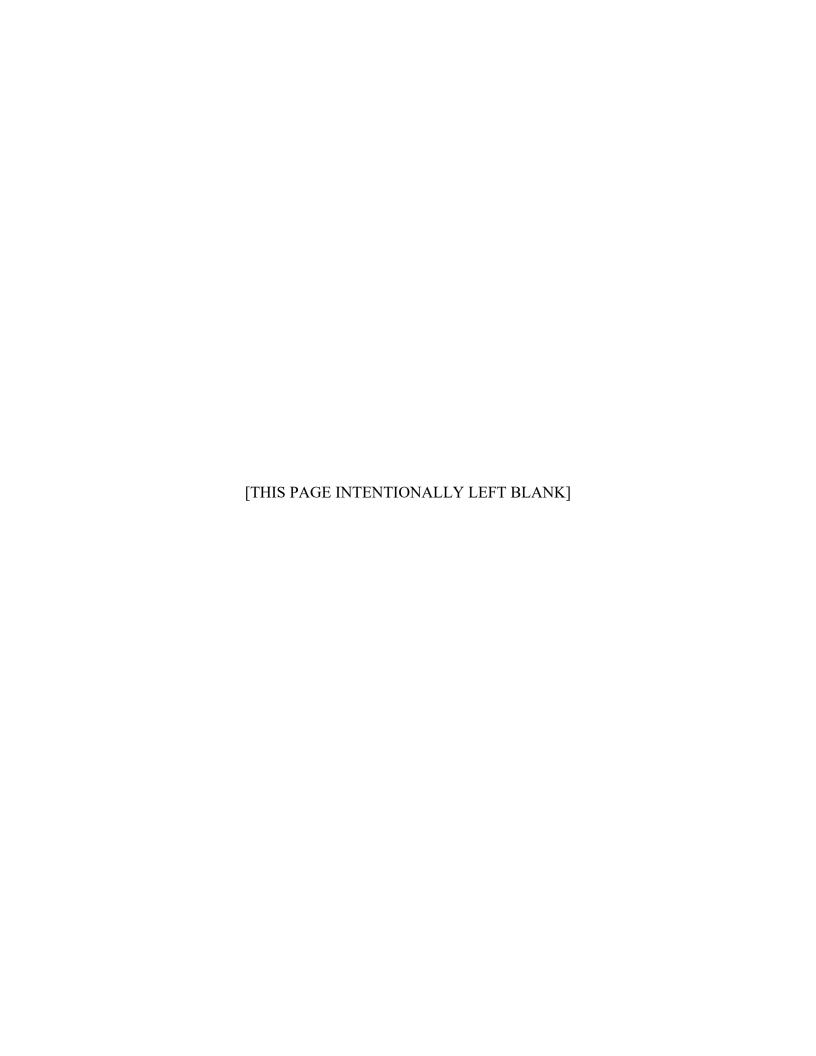
Data Control	211 ESEA I, A Improving	224 IDEA - Part B Formula	225 IDEA - Part B Preschool	240 National Breakfast and
Codes	Basic Program	1 01111414	1100011001	Lunch Program
REVENUES:				
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources 5800 State Program Revenues 5900 Federal Program Revenues 5020 Total Revenues	\$ - - 1,372,946 1,372,946	·	\$ - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 228,506 13,874 2,689,667 2,932,047
EXPENDITURES:				·
Current:				
0011 Instruction 0012 Instructional Resources and Media Services 0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development 0021 Instructional Leadership 0023 School Leadership	1,188,847 - - 101,732	500,171 - - 75,683	: : :	- - - -
0031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services 0033 Health Services 0034 Student (Pupil) Transportation 0035 Food Services	69,489 - - -	1,076,122 - - -	15,470 - - -	- - - 1,877,342
<ul> <li>Extracurricular Activities</li> <li>General Administration</li> <li>Facilities Maintenance and Operations</li> <li>Security and Monitoring Services</li> <li>Data Processing Services</li> <li>Community Services</li> </ul>	- - - - 12,878	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
Debt Service:  0071 Principal on Long-Term Liabilities  0072 Interest on Long-Term Liabilities  0073 Bond Issuance Cost and Fees	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
6030 Total Expenditures	1,372,946	1,651,976	15,470	1,877,342
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):	-	-	-	1,054,705
8911 Transfers Out (Use)			<del>-</del>	
1200 Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	-	1,054,705
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)				747,820
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,802,525

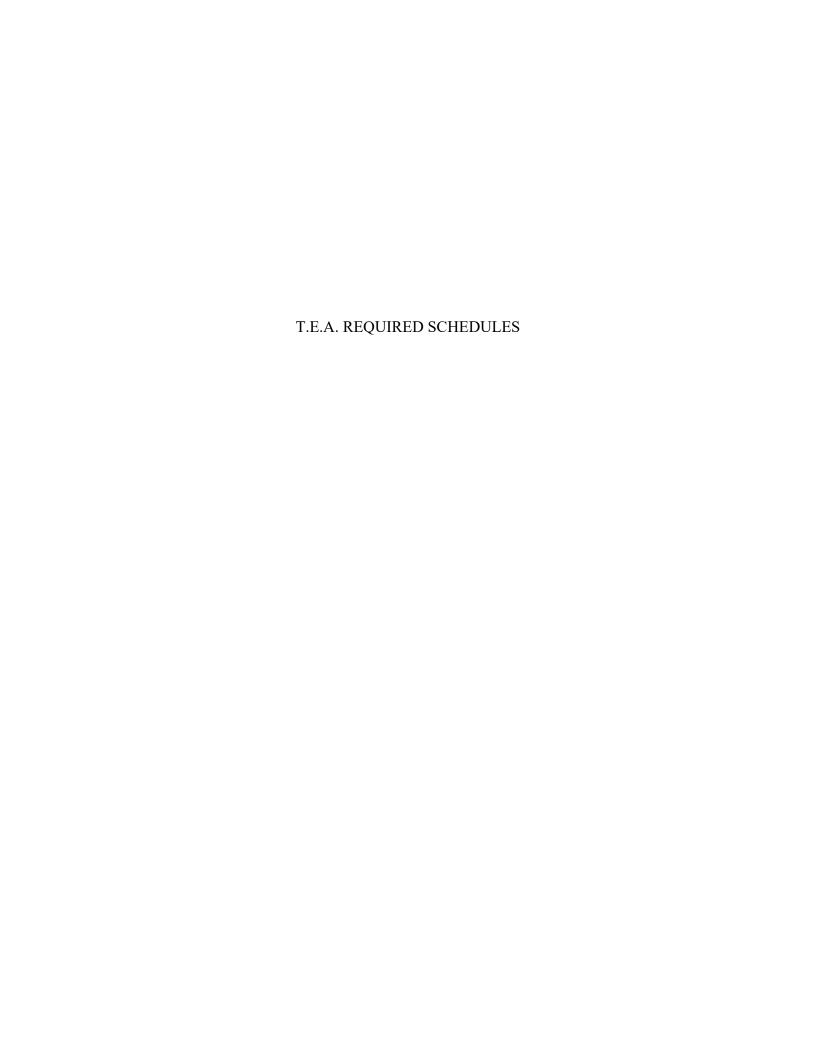
T	244 Career and Sechnical - asic Grant	255 ESEA II, A Training and Recruiting	263 Title III, A English Lang. Acquisition	266 ESSER -School Emergency Relief -CARES	279 ESSER III TCLAS ARP Act	281 ESSER II CRRSA Act Supplemental	282 ESSER III ARP Act	283 ESSER-SUPP
\$	- \$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
	- 171,297	221,984	56,418	296	51,758	643,629	3,366,148	1,692,460
	171,297	221,984	56,418	296	51,758		3,366,148	1,692,460
	170,331	- -	56,385	296	- -	474,239 -	1,588,225 4,058	1,596,953 81,048
	966	221,203	-	-	51,758	8,020	10,500	-
	-	-	-	-	-	3,843	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	27,684	-	1 207
	-	-	-	-	-	85,438	12,174 7,093	1,297
	-	-	-	-	-	1,407	873,562	13,162
	_	_	_	-	-	-	5,072	-
	_	_	_	_	_	15,997	5,072	_
	_	_	_	_	_	-	40,580	_
	_	_	_	_	_	21,940	573,183	_
	_	_	_	_	_	,	251,701	_
	_	_	_	_	_	5,061	-	_
	-	-	33	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	171,297	221,203	56,418	296	51,758	643,629	3,366,148	1,692,460
	-	781	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	(781)	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	_	_	-	_	_	-
			-				-	
\$	- \$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

# HALLSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Data Control Codes	288 Title IV, Part A, SSAEP	385 Visually Impaired SSVI	397 Advanced Placement Incentives	410 State Instructional Materials	
REVENUES: 5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources 5800 State Program Revenues 5900 Federal Program Revenues 5020 Total Revenues EXPENDITURES:	\$ - \$ - 69,500 69,500	5,679 \$	395 - 395	754,181	
Current:  0011 Instruction  0012 Instructional Resources and Media Services  0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development  0021 Instructional Leadership  0023 School Leadership  0031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services  0033 Health Services  0034 Student (Pupil) Transportation  0035 Food Services  0036 Extracurricular Activities  0041 General Administration  0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations  0052 Security and Monitoring Services  0053 Data Processing Services  0061 Community Services	46,337 - - - - 23,163 - - - - - -	5,679	- - - - - - - - -	754,181	
Debt Service:  0071 Principal on Long-Term Liabilities  0072 Interest on Long-Term Liabilities  0073 Bond Issuance Cost and Fees  6030 Total Expenditures  1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)  Expenditures  OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):	 69,500	5,679	- - - - 395	- - - 754,181	
8911 Transfers Out (Use) 1200 Net Change in Fund Balance 0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)	 <u>-</u> - -	- - -	(395)	- - -	
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$ - \$	- \$	- \$	-	

	429	461	498	Total	599	Total
Other State Special		Campus	Tax Abatement	Nonmajor	Debt	Nonmajor
		Activity Application		Special	Service	Governmental
Reve	enue Funds	Funds	Activity	Revenue Funds	Fund	Funds
\$	- \$	1,087,007	\$ 85,000	\$ 1,406,192 \$	6,920,348 \$	8,326,540
Ψ	13,784	1,007,007	-	782,234	4,977,279	5,759,513
	-	_	_	12,003,549	-	12,003,549
	13,784	1,087,007	85,000	14,191,975	11,897,627	26,089,602
	-	268,908	-	6,650,552	-	6,650,552
	-	18,762	-	103,868	-	103,868
	-	-	-	292,447	-	292,447
	-	21,797	-	203,055	-	203,055
	-	41	-	27,725	-	27,725
	-	-	-	1,283,153	-	1,283,153
	-	-	-	21,662	-	21,662
	-	-	-	873,562	-	873,562
	-	-	-	1,882,414	-	1,882,414
	-	736,384	-	752,381	-	752,381
	-	-	85,000	125,580	-	125,580
	-	-	-	595,123	-	595,123
	13,434	-	-	265,135	-	265,135
	-	-	-	5,061	-	5,061
	-	-	-	12,911	-	12,911
	-	-	-	-	4,920,000	4,920,000
	-	-	-	-	3,771,042	3,771,042
			-	<u> </u>	900	900
	13,434	1,045,892	85,000	13,094,629	8,691,942	21,786,571
	350	41,115	-	1,097,346	3,205,685	4,303,031
	(350)	_	-	(1,526)	_	(1,526)
	<u> </u>	41,115		1,095,820	3,205,685	4,301,505
	-	625,000	-	1,372,820	2,261,969	3,634,789
						_
\$	- \$	666,115	\$ -	\$ 2,468,640 \$	5,467,654 \$	7,936,294





### HALLSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE FISCAL YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

	(1)	(2)	(3)		
Last 10 Years Ended	Tax F	Rates	Assessed/Appraised Value for School Tax Purposes		
August 31	Maintenance	Debt Service			
2013 and prior years	Various	Various	\$ Various		
2014	1.040000	0.353000	2,276,705,675		
2015	1.040000	0.343000	2,386,180,356		
2016	1.040000	0.330000	2,415,217,007		
2017	1.040000	0.330000	2,414,245,444		
2018	1.040000	0.330000	2,501,858,263		
2019	1.040000	0.330000	2,580,996,080		
2020	0.970000	0.330000	2,703,888,336		
2021	0.966400	0.284000	2,729,647,672		
2022 (School year under audit)	0.961000	0.249000	2,798,087,552		
1000 TOTALS					

(10) Beginning Balance 9/1/2021	(20) Current Year's Total Levy	(31)  Maintenance Collections	(32)  Debt Service Collections		(40) Entire Year's Adjustments		(50) Ending Balance 8/31/2022	
\$ 194,675	\$ -	\$ 17,202	\$ 4,691	\$	(15,267)	\$	157,515	
53,697	-	8,752	2,971		(663)		41,311	
60,185	-	9,101	3,002		(658)		47,424	
73,887	-	9,423	2,990		(640)		60,834	
101,067	-	14,893	4,725		(21,695)		59,754	
82,911	-	12,333	3,913		(1,081)		65,584	
117,239	-	24,938	7,913		(1,435)		82,953	
177,375	-	36,400	12,383		(9,341)		119,251	
403,087	-	144,173	42,369		(33,891)		182,654	
-	33,541,468	26,244,966	6,800,205		(38,711)		457,586	
\$ 1,264,123	\$ 33,541,468	\$ 26,522,181	\$ 6,885,162	\$	(123,382)	\$	1,274,866	

# HALLSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CHILD NUTRITION PROGRAM FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Data Control	 Budgeted	Amoı	unts		Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)		Variance With Final Budget Positive or	
Codes	Original		Final	_		(Negative)		
REVENUES:								
<ul><li>5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources</li><li>5800 State Program Revenues</li><li>5900 Federal Program Revenues</li></ul>	\$ 330,000 13,775 1,685,000	\$	330,000 13,775 1,790,000	\$	228,506 13,874 2,689,667	\$	(101,494) 99 899,667	
5020 Total Revenues EXPENDITURES: Current:	 2,028,775		2,133,775		2,932,047		798,272	
0035 Food Services	2,014,135		2,251,454		1,877,342		374,112	
6030 Total Expenditures	 2,014,135		2,251,454		1,877,342		374,112	
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances	14,640		(117,679)		1,054,705		1,172,384	
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)	 747,820		747,820		747,820		-	
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$ 762,460	\$	630,141	\$	1,802,525	\$	1,172,384	

# HALLSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Data Control		Budgeted	Amoı	unts	Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)		Variance With Final Budget Positive or	
Codes	Original Final				(Negative)			
REVENUES:								
<ul><li>5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources</li><li>5800 State Program Revenues</li></ul>	\$	6,965,729 1,800,000	\$	6,965,729 1,800,000	\$	6,920,348 4,977,279	\$	(45,381) 3,177,279
5020 Total Revenues EXPENDITURES: Debt Service:		8,765,729	-	8,765,729		11,897,627		3,131,898
0071 Principal on Long-Term Liabilities 0072 Interest on Long-Term Liabilities 0073 Bond Issuance Cost and Fees		4,695,000 3,993,003 10,000		4,695,000 3,993,003 10,000		4,920,000 3,771,042 900		(225,000) 221,961 9,100
6030 Total Expenditures		8,698,003		8,698,003		8,691,942		6,061
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances		67,726		67,726		3,205,685		3,137,959
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		2,261,969	-	2,261,969	-	2,261,969		-
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	2,329,695	\$	2,329,695	\$	5,467,654	\$	3,137,959

# HALLSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATE COMPENSATORY EDUCATION AND BILINGUAL EDUCATION PROGRAM EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

	Section A: Compensatory Education Programs	
AP1	Did your LEA expend any state compensatory education program state allotment funds during the district's fiscal year?	Yes
AP2	Does the LEA have written policies and procedures for its state compensatory education program?	Yes
AP3	List the total state allotment funds received for state compensatory education programs during the district's fiscal year.	\$15,501,682
AP4	List the actual direct program expenditures for state compensatory education programs during the LEA's fiscal year.	\$8,783,882
	Section B: Bilingual Education Programs	
AP5	Did your LEA expend any bilingual education program state allotment funds during the LEA's fiscal year?	Yes
AP6	Does the LEA have written policies and procedures for its bilingual education program?	Yes
AP7	List the total state allotment funds received for bilingual education programs during the LEA's fiscal year.	\$723,674
AP8	List the actual direct program expenditures for bilingual education programs during the LEA's fiscal year. (PICs 25,35)	\$518,841





# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENTAL AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Trustees Hallsville Independent School District 104 Hwy 110 N Hallsville, Texas 75791

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hallsville Independent School District as of and for the year ended August 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 17, 2023.

#### Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Hallsville Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Hallsville Independent School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as Items 2022-001 and 2022-002.

#### Hallsville Independent School District's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Hallsville Independent School District's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying correction action plan. The Hallsville Independent School District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

#### **Purpose of This Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Certified Public Accountants

Squyes & Co, LLP

Tyler, Texas January 17, 2023



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Board of Trustees Hallsville Independent School District 104 Hwy 110 N Hallsville, Texas 75791

#### **Opinion on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program**

We have audited Hallsville Independent School District's (District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2022. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Hallsville Independent School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2022.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Hallsville Independent School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Hallsville Independent School District compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Hallsville Independent School District's federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Hallsville Independent School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the

override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Hallsville Independent School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Hallsville Independent School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Hallsville Independent School District's internal control over compliance
  relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test
  and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the
  purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Hallsville Independent School District's internal
  control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Certified Public Accountants

Squyes & Co, LLP

Tyler, Texas January 17, 2023

### HALLSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

#### Section I—Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP: Unmodified Internal control over financial reporting: \_\_\_\_ yes X no • Material weakness(es) identified? • Significant deficiency(ies) identified? \_\_\_\_ yes <u>X</u> none reported Federal Awards Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? \_\_\_\_ yes <u>X</u> no Internal control over financial reporting: • Material weakness(es) identified? \_\_\_\_ yes X no yes X none reported • Significant deficiency(ies) identified? Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs: Unmodified Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance \_\_\_\_ yes <u>X</u> no with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? Identification of major federal programs: Name of Federal Program or Cluster CFDA Number(s): Child Nutrition Cluster: School Breakfast Program #10.553 National School Lunch Program #10.555 ESSER Grant and ARP ESSER II #84.425

\$750,000

X yes \_\_\_\_ no

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

### HALLSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

#### Section II—Financial Statement Findings

#### **Finding 2022-001**

#### Criteria:

The District must spend a minimum of 10% of the total Bilingual Education allotment funds to fund the comprehensive professional development plan required relating to Bilingual/ESL Professional in accordance with 19 TAC 89.1207(b)(1)(D).

#### Condition:

The District did not meet the 10% spent to fund the comprehensive professional development plan.

#### Cause

This is the first year for the requirement.

#### Effect:

Did not meet a state requirement.

#### Recommendation:

Spend a minimum of 10% of the total Bilingual Education allotment funds to fund the comprehensive professional development plan.

#### **Finding 2022-002**

#### Criteria:

The District must spend 100% of the dyslexia allotment on dyslexia services.

#### Condition:

The District did not spend 100% of the dyslexia allotment on dyslexia services.

#### Cause:

There was an increase in virtual enrollment making it difficult to develop and implement plans including making staffing adjustments for additional dyslexia services.

#### Effect:

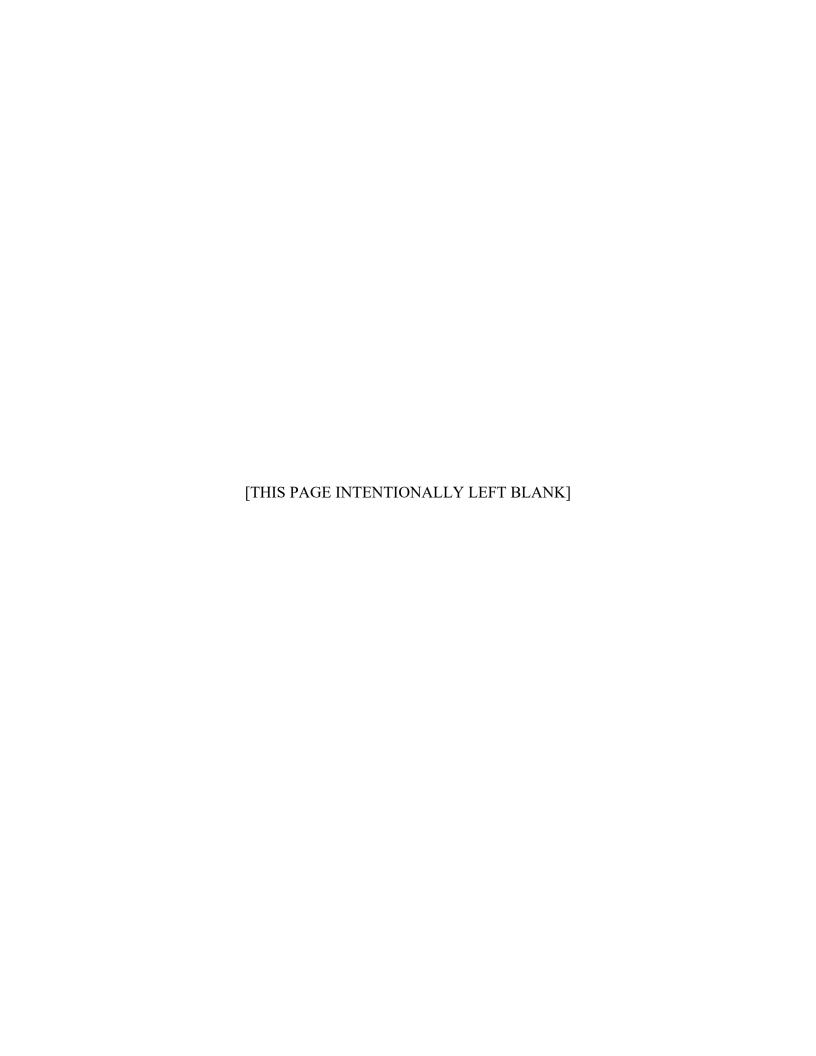
Did not meet a state requirement.

#### Recommendation:

Closely monitor the fluctuations of the virtual enrollment to help estimate the amount of the dyslexia allotment to spend the required amount.

## HALLSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

There were no findings in the prior year.





# HALLSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

P.O. Box 810 \* Hallsville, Texas 75650-0810 \* 903-668-5990

### HALLSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT CORRECTION ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

This corrective action plan is the responsibility of the District's Chief Financial Officer, Mary Brown.

2022-001: Finding – The district must spend a minimum of 10% of the total Bilingual Education allotment funds to fund the comprehensive professional development plan required in accordance with 19 TAC 89.1207(b)(1)(D).

Responsible Department: Finance

Corrective Action: A partial plan is already in effect for Professional Development spending for 2022-23 fiscal year and a complete plan has been finalized and a spending plan is now in place, as is outlined below in more detail. The District has estimated the TEA Bilingual ADA for 2022-23 to be 1,175.700, which is based upon 2022-23 actual Semester 1 Bilingual/ESL ADA results, and which is very consistent with the 1,174.795 final ADA for the 2021-22 Bilingual/ESL population. This projected ADA results in an estimated 2022-23 Bilingual/ESL allotment of \$724,231, which is slightly higher than the \$723,674 2021-22 allotment. To ensure adequate spending for this 10% requirement, \$75,000 has been allocated in the 2022-23 general fund budget to track these professional development expenditures, and \$74,477 in planned training expenditures have been specifically identified and outlined. All of these related expenditures will be spent before the end of the 2022-23 fiscal year, by August 31, 2023. Below is an outline of these planned expenditures for the 2022-23 year.

\$ 3,870.00 – Region 7 ESC Bilingual Support and Training Services

6,500.00 – Lead4Ward TELPAS training (Spring 2023)

5,000.00 – Conference for EB Coordinators (Spring/Summer 2023)

17,707.00 - 59% allocation of TVAH FTE for dedicated Bilingual Coach Salary & Benefits

18,000.00 – Border Conference for 12 ESL/Bilingual FTEs (TVAH)

12,000.00 – 8 days of Region 1 ESC provided ESL/Bilingual training (TVAH)

6,000.00 – Fall 2022 TELPAS training (TVAH)

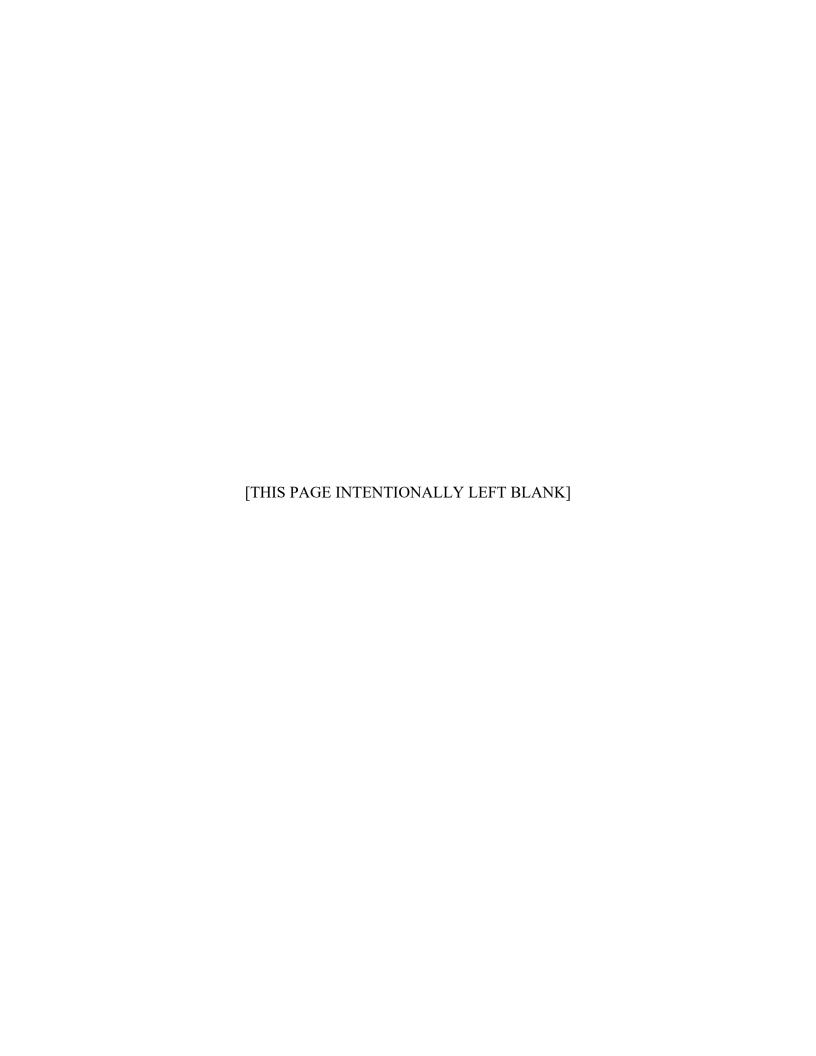
5,400.00 – SIOP training-Jan 27 & Feb 3 (TVAH)

\$74,477.00 - Total Planned 2022-23 expenditures for Bilingual Waiver Compliance

2022-002: Finding – The district must spend 100% of the dyslexia allotment on dyslexia services.

Responsible Department: Finance

Corrective Action: For the 2021-22 fiscal year, the district only spent 98.5% of the dyslexia allotment on dyslexia services, which falls short of the 100% allotment required spending threshold. During the 2021-22 school year, the virtual campus enrollment increased throughout the year and at year end, actual dyslexia expenditures fell short of the allotment earned by the increasing dyslexia enrollment numbers during the year. For the 2022-23 fiscal year, the dyslexia enrollment of the virtual campus will be more closely monitored throughout the year, to better anticipate the final funding allotment and to more accurately estimate ending enrollment and the required expenditure threshold, so that this underspending will not recur.



#### HALLSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

(1)	/	(2)	(4)
	(2)	(3)	(4)
Federal Grantor/	Federal	Pass-Through	D 1 1
Pass-Through Grantor/	CFDA	Entity Identifying	Federal
Program or Cluster Title	Number	Number	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Passed Through State Department of Education:			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies			
ESEA Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010A	22610101102904	\$ 1,372,946
Total CFDA Number 84.010A	0 1101011	2201010110250.	1,372,946
			1,572,710
Special Education Grants to States			
*LEA IDEA-B Formula	84.027A	226600011029046600	1,651,976
Total CFDA Number 84.027A			1,651,976
Special Education Preschool Grants			
*LEA IDEA-B Preschool	84.173A	226610011029046610	15,470
Total CFDA Number 84.173A	04.17374	220010011027040010	15,470
			1,667,446
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			1,007,440
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States			
Career and Technical - Basic Grant	84.048A	22420006102904	171,297
Total CFDA Number 84.048A			171,297
English Language Association State Courts			
English Language Acquisition State Grants	04.265.4	22/71001102004	EC 410
Title III, Part A - English Language Acquisition	84.365A	22671001102904	56,418
Total CFDA Number 84.365A			56,418
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants			
ESEA Title II Part A - Teacher & Principal Training & Recruiting	84.367A	20694501102904	14,374
ESEA Title II Part A - Teacher & Principal Training & Recruiting	84.367A	22694501102904	206,829
ESEA Title II Part A - Teacher & Principal Training & Recruiting	84.367A	69451971	781
Total CFDA Number 84.367A			221,984
Education Stabilization Fund	0.4.48.55		-0.5
COVID 19 - Elementary Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425D	20521001102904	296
COVID 19 - Elementary Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425U	21528042102904	51,758
COVID 19 - Elementary Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425D	21521001102904	643,629
COVID 19 - Elementary Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425U	21528001102904	3,366,148
COVID 19 - Elementary Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425U	21528043102904	1,692,460
Total CFDA Number 84.425			5,754,291
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program			
Title IV, Part A, Subpart 1	84.424A	22680101102904	69,500
Total CFDA Number 84.424a	01.12111	22000101102901	69,500
Total Passed Through State Department of Education			9,313,882
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			9,313,882
			7,313,002
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
Passed Through the State Department of Education			
*School Breakfast Program	10.553	00536	441,370
Total CFDA Number 10.553			441,370
*National School Lunch Program	10.555	00536	1,977,557
Total Passed Through State Department of Education	10.555	00330	2,418,927
Total Lassed Through State Department of Education			2,410,727
Passed Through the State Department of Agriculture			
*National School Lunch Program (Non-cash)	10.555	00536	133,792
Total Passed Through State Department of Agriculture			133,792
USDA Emergency Operational Cost (EOC) Reimbursement	10.555	USDA	3,063
USDA Supply Chain Assistance Grant	10.555	USDA	
Total CFDA Number 10.555	10.555	USDA	133,885 2,248,297
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			2,689,667
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			2,689,667
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 12,003,549

See Accompanying Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

\*Clustered Programs

### HALLSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

- 1. For all Federal programs, the District uses the fund types specified in Texas Education Agency's *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide*. Special revenue funds are used to account for resources restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes by a grantor. Federal and state financial assistance generally is accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund.
- 2. The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The Governmental Fund types are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. All Federal grant funds were accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund or, in some instances, in the General Fund which are Governmental Fund type funds.

With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities and the fund balance are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases and decreases in net current assets. The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for the Governmental Fund types. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available, and expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest on General Long-Term Debt, which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments, which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

Federal grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant, and, accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as unearned revenues until earned.

3. The District must submit to the pass-through entity, no later than 90 calendar days (or an earlier date as agreed upon by the pass-through entity and District) after the end date of the period of performance, all financial, performance, and other reports as required by the terms and conditions of the Federal award. The Federal awarding agency or passthrough entity may approve extensions when requested and justified by the non-Federal entity, as applicable. (2 CFR 200.344(a)).

Unless the Federal awarding agency or pass-through entity authorizes an extension, a non-Federal entity must liquidate all financial obligations incurred under the Federal award no later than 120 calendar days after the end date of the period of performance as specified in the terms and conditions of the Federal award.(2 CFR 200.344(b))

- 4. Assistance Listing numbers for commodity assistance are the Assistance Listing numbers of the programs under which USDA donated the commodities.
- 5. Federal revenues in the accompanying financial statements include federal source revenues which are not considered federal assistance for purposes of the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. A reconciliation follows:

Total Federal Expenditures, Exhibit K-1	\$ 12,003,549
Other Federal Revenues:	
Federal E-Rate Revenue	39,900
School Health and Related Services (SHARS)	 597,790
Total Federal Revenues, Exhibit C-3	\$ 12,641,239

6. Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at fair market value of commodities received and disbursed. At August 31, 2022, the District had food commodities totaling \$94,567 in inventory.